# Juvenile Court

Division of Common Pleas Court



# **Annual Report 1976**

Hon, John J. Toner

Hon. John F. Corrigan

Hon. Walter G. Whitlatch Hon. Angelo J. Gagliardo Hon. Leodis Harris

The Honorable Seth C. Taft, Robert E. Sweeney, George V. Voinovich

Commissioners of Cuyahoga County

The Honorable Kwegyir Aggrey

Director, Ohio Department of Public Welfare

The Honorable Timothy Moritz, M.D.

Director, Ohio Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation

The Honorable George Denton

Director, Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction

The Honorable William K. Willis

Chairman, Ohio Youth Commission

Sirs:

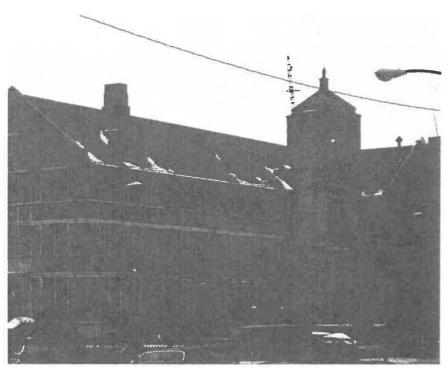
In compliance with Section 2151.18 of the Revised Code, we submit, herewith, the Annual Report of the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court for the calendar year 1976, showing the number and kind of cases that have come before it, the disposition thereof ordered by the Court, and other data pertaining to the work of the Court of interest to you and to the general public.

Respectfully submitted,

John J. Toner, Judge

Common Pleas Court Juvenile Court Division

Cleveland, Ohio October 19, 1977



The main Juvenile Court is the nucleus of all Court activity.

# Juvenile Court Branches & Neighborhood Counseling Centers

The Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court entered its 75th year of service to the Greater Cleveland community in 1976. Established in 1902, this Court is the second oldest Juvenile Court in the United States: Chicago's Cook County Juvenile Court was first. Throughout its 75 years, the Juvenile Court has made major strides in the field of Juvenile Justice. The Court takes great pride in the fact that this Court has served as a model for other Juvenile Courts throughout the U.S.

The purpose of the Juvenile Court is to secure for each child under its jurisdiction such care, guidance and control which will serve the best interests of the community and the child's welfare. The Court believes that, by helping troubled youth and their families, it is helping build a better community. The Juvenile Court is also concerned with the legal rights and protection of all children under its jurisdiction.

Expanded Juvenile Court decentralization; House Bill 156; computerization of the Court; Title 4-D; building community relations; development of a Court procedure manual;

plans for a sorely needed building renovation; a 2% decrease in juvenile delinquency and an active Citizen's Advisory Board all played key roles in making 1976 a year of accomplishments for Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court.

The Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court has two concepts of decentralized branch offices; Juvenile Court Intake Branches and Neighborhood Counseling Offices. These branch offices have bridged numerous gaps in the area of community relations and have proven that Court decentralization does upgrade service to our clients.

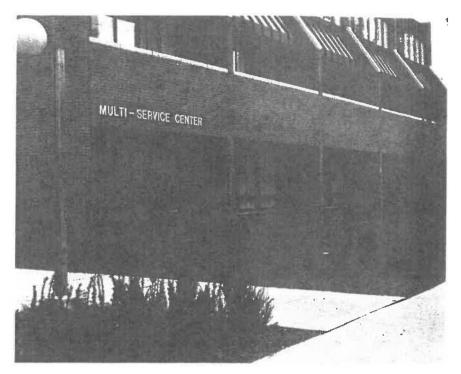
The Branch Intake Offices, which are under the direction of Mr. John Sweeney, Director of Legal Services, act as the legal arm of the Court in the community.

The Branch Court Intake Offices originated on the East side. There are currently three East side offices in Cleveland Heights, East Cleveland and Euclid. A fourth branch was opened in Lakewood on March 20, 1977. These offices are centrally located in areas that serve a number of surrounding communities.

The Branch Intake Offices are specifically designed to take filings (complaints) from the local police and area citizens and to refer troubled parents to various community agencies when their services are requested. In addition, intake referees hear unofficial complaints at the branch offices. The official complaints, however, are sent to the main Juvenile Court for processing and a hearing is set before a referee or Judge.

These offices are praised by local law enforcement agencies and the community in general. Police officers do not have to spend as many hours away from their communities to come downtown when filing a complaint. Therefore, they can better allocate their time where it is needed most. The community, in general, benefits by the offices' easy accessibility in responding to their various wants, needs and complaints.

The second branch concept is the Neighborhood Counseling Centers. These offices are an extension of the Social Services Department under the direction of Mr. Andrew DeSanti. The Social Services Department be-



Branch offices are often located with or near other youth service agencies with which they work.

comes involved with a child after the child has gone through the Intake Department.

The Neighborhood Counseling Center concept began in 1973 through LEAA funding. The East side Neighborhood Counseling Centers, under the direction of Mr. Robert Twohey, are located in Glenville at 10539 St. Clair; Cedar-Central at 8916 Cedar Road; Hough at 6802 Lexington Avenue; and East Cleveland at 13308 Euclid Avenue and were the first to be established. These offices provide probation services and do not act as intake offices. The probation officers assigned to these offices make every effort to become involved with the youth and their families, neighborhood agencies, churches and schools.

The average probation officer's caseload at the main Juvenile Court is 60 children, where as the average probation officer's caseload in the Hough Office is thirty-five children. Consequently, a lighter caseload can permit a P.O. to visit his client more frequently and to provide better service for the client.

In addition, by knowing a child's

environment and working with the child on a one-to-one basis in that environment, the probation officer can better serve the youth and their families. As a result of this counseling, the rate of recidivism is often decreased.

The Youth Worker functions in a staff position which is unique to the Neighborhood Counseling Centers. The Youth Worker, who is a para-professional, works toward helping a troubled youth resolve his individual problems which often includes getting that youth involved with other neighborhood agencies that can help him. The Youth Workers have proven to be highly effective in their efforts to reach the troubled youth and act as a liaison between the youth and the Probation Officer.

In an effort to further serve not only youth but the entire family, the West Side Project began in January, 1976. The Project consists of two offices, one on the near west side at 4115 Bridge Avenue and the other at Kamm's Plaza at the corner of Rocky River Drive and Lorain Avenue.

Ms. Joyce Smith is the Project Director. In addition, she supervises

six probation officers, a group worker and a family counselor at the Far West Office. Mr. Frank Balistreri supervises seven probation officers at the Near West Side Office.

Family and Group Counseling are conducted at both offices. A child's problems often stem from his home environment. Family counseling led by Pam Brandman, a trained Family Therapist, is designed to help the child and his family gain a better understanding of each other. Group counseling led by Janet McCormick, is the interaction of children with their peers working together at resolving their own problems. The Project Offices also have evening hours two nights a week so that the entire family can participate in the Court's program.

Both counseling programs have been well received in the community.

"We, at the Project, can work with these children and families because we are located in their community and know, first hand, some of their problems," says Director Joyce Smith.

Working within the child's neighborhood environment is the basic



Group Therapy, directed by Janet McCormick, is an effective method for youth to work at solving each others problems.

philosophy behind the Court's decentralization program.

### **Placement**

The Court's concept of utilizing private placement to augment its services to its clients is as old as the Court itself.

There were no facilities available for the placement of children when Juvenile Court originated. Therefore, "friends of the Court" took children to their own homes so that a child could receive proper care and rehabilitation. Although this solution was inadequate, many years passed before the situation was rectified.

The Court assumed the direct responsibility of child placement in April, 1961 under the direction of Mrs. Ruth B. Melcher. (Prior to that time, the Department of Child Welfare placed all children under public auspices.) Today, the placement department is comprised of seven probation officers under the supervision of Mr. Don Peak.

Each child is viewed as an individual by the Court and thus has unique needs. A child's current home setting, age, sex, I.Q. and emotional

stability are the factors used in evaluating the need for placement. Placement, however, is viewed as a last resort when probation, counseling and other community resources at home have not benefited the child. When a child is removed from his own family, it is the intent of the Court to secure for that child the care, discipline and treatment that will help him return to his home and community as a productive citizen.

Juvenile Court currently utilizes 26 private residential facilities; six in Cuyahoga County, seventeen in the State of Ohio and nine in other states. Each of these placement facilities specialize in the care of children with varying types of problems. One institution may have a strong counseling and guidance structure, one an intensive vocational program or another institution may specialize in working with highly emotional children.

After a child has successfully completed his placement program, a placement probation officer maintains contact with the youth to assure the child's re-entry into his home and community is equally successful. There are those children, however, who cannot adapt to the Court's private placement facilities. These children require a more restrictive type of facility that can provide them with the kind of need and structured program they need and also protection to the community. Therefore, Juvenile Court also utilizes the Youth Development Center and Ohio Youth Commission facilities as a source of child placement.

### Youth Development Center

Located in Hudson, Ohio, the Youth Development Center (YDC) is a residential treatment facility maintained by the Cuyahoga County Board of Commissioners for adolescents whose behavior and emotional development have been so inadequate that they have not been able to adjust appropriately to the demands of home, school or the community.

YDC's treatment program is based upon Positive Peer Culture. PPC substitutes peer relationships for adultchild controls that form the basis of



Placement Supervisor Donald Peak and Probation Officers, Rebecca McLeroy and Earl Matthews regularly discuss specific cases in order to insure proper placement.

most traditional approaches to delinquency. PPC students are taught that the consequences of their actions extend beyond themselves. A successful PPC student learns to help himself and other adolescents solve their problems.

Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court views this PPC program as a positive approach to reduce recidivism.

# Ohio Youth Commission

The Ohio Youth Commission (OYC) was established on October 7, 1963, as an outgrowth of the Bureau of Juvenile Research Classification, and Training. The OYC's mission is to provide for the safety, care, and rehabilitation of delinquent children sent to the State from 88 Ohio County Juvenile Courts.

The Ohio Youth Commission has eleven institutions to which delinquents may be committed: Buckeye Youth Center, Child Study Center, Cuyahoga Hills Boys School, Fairfield School for Boys, Indian River School, Maumee Youth Camp, Mohican Youth Camp, Riverview

School for Girls, Scioto Village Girls School, Training Center for Youth, and Training Institution Central Ohio.

Each Youth Commission facility with the exception of the Child Study Center has an accredited school which operates on the quarter system. OYC offers a structured program for the juvenile who has a critical problem functioning in society.

While a child is most frequently placed on probation after being adjudicated delinquent, during 1976 Juvenile Court committed 728 delinquents to OYC for treatment.

## H.B. 156

Introduced in the legislature in 1976 and effective on January 1, 1977, House Bill 156 is designed to aid approximately 5,500 of Cuyahoga County's children. In brief, the bill requires the Juvenile Court to review the care and plans for future care of all children in the custody of public and private agencies. In addition, the Court hopes that some children, rather than remaining in institutions

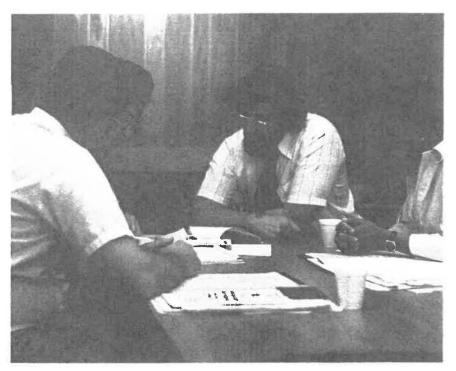
or foster homes for years, can be available for adoption so that they may have a family and gain the security of a permanent home.

H.B. 156 authorizes Juvenile Court to appoint a Court Custody Review Staff and/or a Citizen's Custody Review Boards to review these cases. The Court has elected to use both methods and thus it is the only Juvenile Court in Ohio to do so.

The Citizen's Custody Review Boards are comprised of educators, attorneys, social workers, and housewifes. Each board has a total of five volunteer members; two members serve for one year, two members serve for two years and one member for a three year term. This "term of office" plan is designed to create both stability and a change of members within the boards.

Probation Officers Sharon Lyon, Sylvia Baugham and John Lowey comprise the Court Review Staff. Mrs. Doris Hunt, H.B. 156 Supervisor, guides both the volunteers and Court Staff.

Agencies are required to submit a review of all children placed with their agencies after the child's first four



John Lowery, H.B. 156 Probation Officer, works closely with members of the Citizens Custody Review Board.

months in placement and annually thereafter. This annual review applies to children placed either by a public agency or by a parent. The annual review must also be made whether legal custody is temporary or permanent. The Citizen's Custody Review Board or the Custody Review Staff will review each case.

There are some agencies such as those under the direction of the Mental Retardation Board, the Ohio Youth Commission and the Youth Development Center which are exempt from the annual review.

Juvenile Court views H.B. 156 as a major step in reviewing the care children are receiving, providing for better planning for children and identifying gaps in service to children.

On the State level, one goal of H.B. 156 is to create better public awareness concerning the number of children under the care of private and public agencies. Hence, these children will be afforded a better foundation on which to grow to healthy adulthood.

# Family Index

We are not sure what type of

records were kept on juveniles in 1902. Today, however, a comprehensive record is compiled on every family and child that has come into contact with the Court.

The Family Index began on March 12, 1976. It is an on-line data entry and retrieval system of all families over which the Court has jurisdiction. This computer is designed to yield data on a child's age, sex, race, offense, and the disposition which will benefit the Court by having ready access to this information on a 24 hour basis.

Currently one-third of the Court's records have been entered into the computer. This process is expected to be completed by September, 1978.

The Family Index is one segment of an entire computer system; the Juvenile Court Information System which will be utilized to computerize the entire Court. When completed, twenty-six separate reports will be available via the Juvenile Court Information System. Daily Court dockets, status of children in placement, the number of cases adjudicated per Judge and the statistics for our annual report are only a few of these

reports.

The Juvenile Court Information System will also print "exception reports." When a complaint is being filed in the Receiving Department, a number will be assigned to that complaint. The number will be regularly monitored to determine if the complaint is proceeding at a normal pace. These "exception reports" will inform the Court Administration as to those departments which are over or under staffed and what problems the Court incurs in processing cases. The end result will be a Court system which operates with maximum efficiency.

The principal thrust behind the Court's computerization is to build efficiency and accuracy in the daily Court proceedings. Presently, for example, all records, subpoenas, summons, notices, and journal entries are processed manually. The Court's computerization will mechanize these daily procedures and thus increase the effectiveness of this process. The time previously spent on manually preparing this material, which usually increased the chance of errors, will be absorbed by the Court's added



The family index is connected with the Cuyahoga County computer system and is already in use in the Court's Record Room.

responsibilities of Title 4-D and new Court programs.

Over a three year development period, this system will cost \$442,000 in County and Federal Funds. Cuyahoga County will pay \$139,259 of that development cost. Gross savings realized by the computers utilization are projected at \$170,000 per year.

### Title 4-D

In July of 1975 an amendment to the Social Security Act (Title 4-D) became effective. In 1976 Juvenile Court and the Welfare Department began planning for the implementation of Title 4-D.

One significant feature of Title 4-D is that an attempt to locate the absent parent(s) is an essential part of processing a case to determine financial aid by the Welfare Department. It is projected by the Welfare Department that Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court will process 7,000 additional paternity and non-support cases each year for the next few years. When an absent parent is located, an evaluation of that parent's ability to provide support to the child(ren) in

question is made, thereby eliminating some of the Cuyahoga County Welfare Department's responsibility of supporting these children. Thus child support and non-support collection will be maximized.

Title 4-D requires increased involvement between the Welfare Department, the child and his parents.

# Building Community Relations

Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court is obligated to keep the public informed concerning the Court's proceedings, allocations of federal funds to the Court, its 75 years of accomplishments and laws which affect adults as well as juveniles. Therefore, Juvenile Court appointed a community relations officer to maintain media relations, publish a house magazine, direct the Court's Speaker's Bureau, and work with the various private and public agencies throughout Cuyahoga County.

The Court hopes that school, church and community organiza-

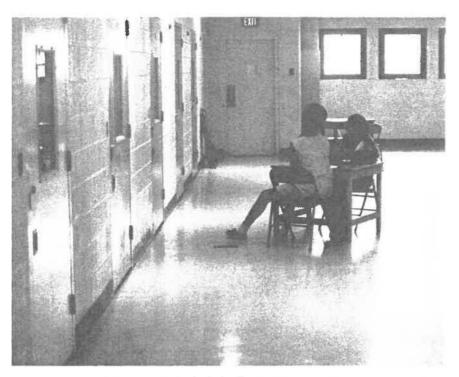
tions will call upon this office to keep them informed about their Juvenile Justice System and therefore, create better public awareness concerning the Court and its impact on the community.

### Court Procedure Manual

During the past 75 years of Juvenile Court's operation each department has expanded in staff size and work load. New laws have caused an increase in paper work, and complicated handling of youth.

Juvenile Court, at the recommendation of the Cleveland Foundation, is currently in the process of updating its uniform procedural manual for staff at all levels defining the operations, policies and procedures of this Court.

Miss Barbara Noonan, through Cleveland Foundation, has been commissioned to write the Procedure Manual. She will also be working in conjunction with the Data Processing Unit to clarify and document all procedures as these two units interface. This project is expected to span a two year period.



In addition to interviewing children in their offices, Probation Officers regularly utilize the Detention Home units.

### **Court Renovation**

In May, 1903, Mrs. J.A. Salters established the first boys' detention home. Due to her poor health, however, she was forced to disband her project after only six months.

From that time forth, the Court has confronted the recurring problem of where and how to house youths in need of detention and placement outside of their home environment.

The present Court and Detention Home structure, as we know it today, was built in 1932. Juvenile Court's quadrangle building complex of Tudor style architecture was considered a leading facility in the country for its spaciousness, utility and home-like atmosphere.

The present building was designed to house welfare, social services and other offices which have become an integral part of the Court's function. Today, however, this same structure must house Probation Officers, computer centers and other departments which the building was not designed for.

The existing 45-year-old Court structure suffers from poor heating during the winter and relatively no ventilation cooling facilities during the summer. Thus, a tremendous energy loss is realized.

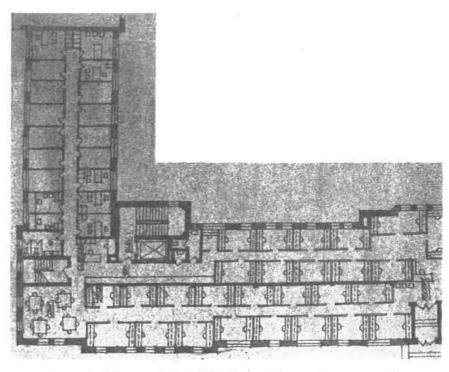
In addition to these problems, the Court staff has increased in size since 1932 and the building no longer accommodates staff or children under present conditions. Not only is there a lack of professionalism on the probation officer's behalf when six probation officers share one office, but a client's confidentiality is severely endangered in this environment.

Over the years, there were several Court and Detention Home renovations made to accommodate this influx of population. Finally it became necessary to expand the Court and Detention Home facilities. A bond issue to renovate both areas was placed before the voters of Cuyahoga County in the 1966 election. Unfortunately, only the Detention Home issue gained support and passed. A new detention Annex comprised of six 13 bed living units was built as a result of that issue.

A decade later, the Board of County Commissioners commissioned architects: Dalton, Dalton, Little & Newport to draft a renovation proposal for Juvenile Court and the Detention Home. The architects' initial proposals were submitted to the Court and the County Commissioners at the close of 1976. The proposals call for a 3.9 million dollar renovation to begin in 1977. Juvenile Court has been successful in obtaining 2.7 million dollars in Federal funding for this renovation. In addition, the Board of County Commissioners will allocate the 1.2 million dollars needed to complete the renovation.

The proposed building renovation would solve many of the Court's problems. A central heating and cooling system would be installed. New thermal pane windows would replace the existing iron casement windows. The cost of these two improvements would be offset by the savings realized in heating bills over a seven year period.

Probation Officers would be centrally located on the first floor of the annex building rather than being spread throughout the buildings. Conference rooms would provide privacy for worker-client-family interviews. Thus, the Court's profes-



The main court building was built in 1932. Although the outside structure will remain virtually the same, the interior will be totally updated.

sionalism and a child's right to confidentiality would be maintained.

The Detention Home would also be renovated. New kitchen equipment would replace some 75-year-old machines badly in need of repair. A new security entrance for children being brought to the home by police would be installed so that a child is not exposed to the public.

Dalton, Dalton, Little & Newport are presently negotiating a new contract with Juvenile Court and the County Commissioners to complete the proposed renovation. Upon the approval of the contract, the renovation will be completed in the next two years.

### Citizens Advisory Board

The Citizens Advisory Board continues to be a great aid in the Court's operation. Throughout the year, the Board's various committees have worked with individual departments and the Court, in general, to assure that Juvenile Court is operating to its fullest potential.

The Citizens Advisory Board

regularly contributes fresh solutions to problems which burden the Court and its Administration.

The Advisory Board has played an active role in budget control, the proposed renovation and planning for the 75th Anniversary celebration scheduled for October of 1977.

The Advisory Board is comprised of professionals in the legal, secular, financial, industrial and medical fields and therefore it is in tune to the needs of the Cuyahoga Community. To this group of dedicated people the Court can only say — "Thank You."

## Conclusion

We at Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court, Juvenile Court Division, hope, through a brief view of the past and present, you can share with us the events that have made 1976 a year of accomplishments and continued service not only to the general public of Cuyahoga County, but to the troubled youth. We hope the issues we have presented will give you, the reader, a better understanding of the Juvenile Court and Juvenile Justice

System. Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court hopes this brief report will build public awareness and raise questions concerning the Juvenile Justice System about which you will seek answers.

## **Statistical Summary**

From the all time high of 11,887 juvenile complaints recorded in 1975, the number of complaints declined by 13% to 10,332 in 1976. This approximates the 1973 level of cases and represents a continuation of a moderating trend begun last year when complaints increased by only 2% following a 39% increase since 1972.

Delinquency complaints regarding boys declined from 7,763 in 1975 to 6,576 in 1976. Delinquency complaints regarding girls remained virtually the same, with 1,661 cases recorded in 1976 compared with 1,662 in 1975. Unruly complaints regarding boys declined from 1,313 in 1975 to 1,007 in 1976, and unruly complaints regarding girls declined slightly from 1,149 in 1975 to 1,088 in 1976.

Other children's cases, including traffic cases, neglected and dependent cases, applications to determine custody, and applications for approval of permanent surrender amounted to 10,572 cases for a total of 20,904 children's cases filed in Juvenile Court during 1976.

Charges against adults, including non-support, neglect of children, endangering children, contributing to delinquency and unruliness, and paternity charges amounted to 1,663 for a total of 22,567 new complaints filed in the Court for 1976. In addition to the new complaints, 3,945 alias complaints which activated matters previously before the Court were filed making a grand total of 26,512 matters before the Court this year. This represents a drop of 883 cases compared with the grand total of 27,395 matters in 1975.

While most delinquency and unruly offenses demonstrated a decline proportionate to the general decline in total cases, those cases of theft from person showed a significant increase, especially regarding complaints on the part of girls which rose from 25 such cases in 1975 to 115 cases in 1976. Trespassing also showed a significant increase, going from 292 boys' cases in 1975 to 419 cases in 1976. For girls, this charge rose from 38 cases in 1975 to 101 in 1976.

Drug and narcotic violations reported to the Court continued a declining pattern noted in 1975 when they dropped to 617 from a high of 769 in 1974. In 1976, 409 such complaints were filed. Homicide charges reversed a rising trend of the past few years, declining from 32 in 1975 to 17 in 1976; these involved 14 boys and 3 girls.

The most frequent disposition was for probation supervision; 2,593 in official cases and 209 in unofficial cases. Dismissals in delinquency cases totaled 1,365 cases and 300 complaints were withdrawn by the complainant. Placement for children in various private residential treatment centers was ordered for 96 children, and in addition 44 children were transferred from probation status for placement, making a total of 140 children placed in residential centers in 1976. Orders for commitments to public correctional institutions amounted to 802 of the 7,164 official cases appearing before the Court in 1976. However, an additional 150 children were committed on re-activated matters, including probation violations, making a total of 952 commitments made as follows: Ohio Youth Commission: 642 boys and 86 girls; Cuyahoga County Youth Development Center, 140 boys and 84 girls.

The most frequent disposition in the unofficial category was an adjustment of the situation; this occurred in 2,076 or nearly 70% of the 3,168 unofficial cases accepted in 1976. An additional 75 children in this category were referred to community services for counseling. Dismissals of complaints were made in 202 unofficial cases, and 73 were withdrawn by the complainant. The Referees ordered filings for 181 unofficial cases which they felt additional court services were needed.

The proportion of cases referred to the Court regarding children living in the City of Cleveland was about the same as last year, representing 61% of the total delinquency and unruly complaints filed. Likewise, those complaints from other municipalities, villages and townships in Cuyahoga County for a similar proportion as last year, representing 37% of the total juvenile complaints. An additional 2% of the Court's cases concerned children mostly from surrounding counties apprehended in Cuyahoga County and some children who were agency residents. However, a decline of nearly 16% was recorded for complaints regarding children living in the City of Cleveland, from 7,037 in 1975 to 5,930 in 1976, which reversed a three-year rising trend, being the first decline in Cleveland cases since 1972. Complaints regarding children living in other areas of Cuyahoga County while also showing a decline from 4,102 cases in 1975 to 3,646 cases in 1976 did so at a lower rate than the City of Cleveland, resulting in an 11% decline.

Of the twenty-eight social planning areas, the combined Central areas, Corlett, Glenville, Hough, Norwood, the Near West Side, Fremont and Woodland Hills accounted for 3,598 or nearly two-thirds of the total juvenile offenses reported in the City of Cleveland. Glenville, the highest area of juvenile offenses in 1975 with 823 cases, dropped to second place with 653 cases in 1976, for a decline of 21%. The Near West Side, the second highest in frequency of juvenile offenses in 1975, with 689 cases, became the highest such area in 1976 with 667 cases. The Hough social planning area remained the third highest area with 519 cases in 1976, and 662 cases in 1975. The decline in cases in the Hough area was similar to that in Glenville; approximately 22%.

For Suburban areas, East Cleveland remained the highest area in 1976 with 424 cases compared to 472 cases in 1975. Cleveland Hts. dropped from the second highest in 1975 with 393 cases to third highest in 1976 with 330 cases, and Lakewood rose to second highest in 1976 with 363 cases compared with 307 cases in 1975. Parma and Euclid were equal as the fourth highest areas, both with 249 cases in 1976 compared with 285 and 295 respectively in 1975. Combined, these areas accounted for 44% of all suburban juvenile cases. Please see Table 1 for a listing of all juvenile complaints by area of residence.

Suburban police departments accounted for 31% of all juvenile complaints. The City of Cleveland Police Department accounted for 28% of all complaints. The next largest group of complainants were parents who accounted for 12% of the complaints, primarily for incorrigibility regarding their children. Store security officers accounted for 9% of the complaints, mostly regarding shoplifting offenses, and citizens accounted for 7% of the complaints. The Cleveland Board of Education accounted for 4% of the complaints while other county school systems accounted for 2%. Please see Table 2 for sources of complaints.

Charges against adults increased by 27% in 1976 over 1975, going from 1,311 to 1,663. While most charges regarding adults, previously mentioned in this report remained at virtually the same level in 1976 as in 1975, the increase in such cases reflected the 40% increase in paternity charges recorded in 1976. Paternity charges rose from 859 in 1975 to 1.205 in 1976.

The Juvenile Court wishes to acknowledge the services of Dr. Edric Weld, Jr. and his staff of the Institute of Urban Studies of Cleveland State University for the computerized preparation of our 1976 statistical data. Dr. Weld serves as Project Director of the Juvenile Court Systems Evaluation Project funded by a special incentive grant through the Administration of Justice Division to evaluate the Court's West Side Pilot Project. As an adjunct to the evaluation project, court statistical data for the year's 1974, 1975 and 1976 were computerized in order to prepare a data base for evaluation purposes.

In addition to the statistical data required for the annual report, including types of complaints, dispositions and sources of complaints, the statistical programs being prepared will afford a more in-depth analysis of the court's caseloads which for the past few years have been unobtainable because of both volume and manual systems used to tabulate caseload characteristics.

For example, preliminary work in the official category of cases indicates a substantial number of multi-delinquent-unruly families in the County with 6,911 tractable complaints attributable to 4,989 different family units. A further analysis of the official complaints indicate that 5,563 individual children accounted for the 6,911 of the traced offenses. The latter does not establish a recidivism rate per se since many of the multiple offenses were either filed concurrently for different offenses or different sources of referral for different or unrelated offenses.

With refinement of the above data, and with additional data available through the computerized program, the Court anticipates developing a more detailed and comprehensive analysis of the characteristics of its caseloads in its next annual report.

Table 1
Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed
By Area of Residence, 1976 and 1975

### AREA OF RESIDENCE

City of Cleveland By	Boys'	Cases	Girls	' Cases	Tota	l Cases
Social Planning Areas	1976	1975	1976	1975	1976	1975
Central	114	135	28	45	142	180
Central-East	103	162	54	77	157	239
Central-West	127	235	55	53	182	288
Clark-Fulton	143	190	34	38	177	228
Corlett	359	383	126	134	485	517
Denison	117	103	34	19	151	122
Downtown	15	20	3	6	18	26
Edgewater	34	30	12	20	46	50
Glenville	450	603	203	220	653	823
Goodrich	63	55	13	11	76	66
Hough	390	478	129	184	519	662
Jefferson	102	91	42	36	144	127
Kinsman	92	127	25	44	117	171
Lee-Miles	143	199	65	85	208	284
Mt. Pleasant	179	240	52	79	231	319
Near West Side	503	533	164	156	667	689
North Broadway	68	117	30	31	98	148
North Collinwood	81	83	19	25	100	108
Norwood	225	210	46	33	271	243
Puritas-Belaire	99	121	46	31	145	152
Riverside	116	121	26	24	142	145
South Broadway	104	150	36	41	140	191
South Brooklyn	78	112	38	26	116	138
South Collinwood	142	190	50	58	192	248
Tremont	183	244	50	57	233	301
University	26	49	10	15	36	64
West Side	148	149	47	46	195	195
Woodland Hills	219	232	70	81	289	313
TOTAL, City of Cleveland	4,423	5,362	1,507	1,675	5,930	7,037

# Table 1, Continued Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed By Area of Residence, 1976 and 1975

### AREA OF RESIDENCE

Suburban Cities,	Boys'	Cases	Girls'	Cases	Total	Cases
Villages and Townships	1976	1975	1976	1975	1976	1975
Bay Village	68	90	13	17	81	107
Beachwood	15	15	10	2	25	17
Bedford	34	86	19	9	53	95
Bedford Hts.	50	49	9	15	59	64
Bentleyville	1		1	1	2	1
Berea	45	52	15	14	60	66
Bratenahl	3	13	1	2	4	15
Brecksville	16	6	7	4	23	10
Broadview Hts.	22	16	5	3	27	19
Brook Park	121	172	74	38	195	210
Brooklyn	6	29	7	10	13	39
Brooklyn Hts.	_	3	3		3	3
Chagrin Falls	13	15	6	6	19	21
Chagrin Falls Township		1	_	_		1
Cleveland Hts.	217	285	113	108	330	393
Cuyahoga Hts.	2	1	2	1	4	2
East Cleveland	271	369	153	103	424	472
Euclid	190	221	59	74	249	295
Fairview Park	25	40	12	10	37	50
Garfield Hts.	81	126	38	38	119	164
Gates Mills	2	2	2	4	4	6
Glenwillow	_	1		_	_	1
Highland Hts.	9	19	2	4	11	23
Hunting Valley			1	1	1	1
Independence	7	14	4	2	11	16
Lakewood	266	259	97	48	363	307
Linndale				_		
Lyndhurst	42	51	9	10	51	61
Maple Hts.	123	90	31	26	154	116
Mayfield	6	6	9	3	15	9
Mayfield Hts.	41	40	11	23	52	63

# Table 1, Continued Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed By Area of Residence, 1976 and 1975

### AREA OF RESIDENCE

Suburban Cities,	-	Cases		' Cases		l Cases
Villages and Townships	1976	1975	1976	1975	1976	1975
Middleburg Hts.	51	40	21	11	72	51
Moreland Hills	1	4	5	4	6	8
Newburg Hts.	11	14	3	5	14	19
North Olmsted	90	107	27	21	117	128
North Randall	1	2	_	_	1	2
North Royalton	38	36	8	8	46	44
Oakwood	39	10	13		52	10
Olmsted Township	19	17	10	7	29	24
Olmsted Falls	21	25	8	13	29	38
Orange	2	9	2	2	4	11
Parma	183	227	66	58	249	285
Parma Hts.	48	75	19	17	67	92
Pepper Pike	7	13	4	3	11	16
Richmond Hts.	8	11	9	1	17	12
Riveredge Township	_	2			-	2
Rocky River	29	39	12	9	41	48
Seven Hills	24	34	12	4	36	38
Shaker Hts.	53	75	32	30	85	105
Solon	18	21	1	8	19	29
South Euclid	42	103	15	13	57	116
Strongsville	62	66	19	15	81	81
University Hts.	22	50	10	21	32	71
Valley View	_	10	_	_	_	10
Walton Hills	6	13	3	3	9	16
Warrensville Township	6	3	-		6	3
Warrensville Hts.	72	74	35	21	107	95
Westlake	46	74	23	26	69	100
Woodmere	1	1	_	_	1	1
TOTAL, Suburbs	2,576	3,226	1,070	876	3,646	4,102
Agency Residents	9	25	4	24	13	49
Out-of-County Residents	99	115	39	27	138	142
Area Designations Unknown	476	348	129	209	605	557
GRAND TOTAL	7,583	9,076	2,749	2,811	10,322	11,887

Table 2
Source of Complaint — Delinquency And Unruly Cases, 1976

POLICE DEPARTMENTS:	Boys	Girls	Totals
Bay Village	55	7	62
Beachwood	22	6	28
Bedford	55	20	75
Bedford Hts.	23	3	26
Berea	49	15	64
Bratenahl	14	_	14
Brecksville	19	1	20
Broadview Hts.	10	1	11
Brook Park	93	27	120
Brooklyn	28	7	35
Brooklyn Hts.	2	1	3
Chagrin Falls	30	16	46
Chagrin Falls Township	1	2	3
Cleveland	2,425	338	2,763
Cleveland Hts.	243	82	325
Cuyahoga Hts.	5	_	5
East Cleveland	151	23	174
Euclid	242	31	273
Fairview Park	14	3	17
Garfield Hts.	33	6	39
Gates Mills	1		1
Highland Hts.	8	_	8
Independence	5	7	12
Lakewood	243	43	286
Lyndhurst	42	3	45
Maple Hts.	122	9	131
Mayfield	8	1	9
Mayfield Hts.	32	5	37
Middleburg Hts.	101	42	143
Moreland Hills	3		3
Newburg Hts.	1	4	5
North Olmsted	69	12	81
North Randall	48	4	52
North Royalton	10	3	13
Oakwood	16	5	21

# Table 2, Continued Source of Complaint — Delinquency And Unruly Cases, 1976

POLICE DEPARTMENTS:	Boys	Girls	Totals
Olmsted	5	_	5
Olmsted Falls	5	1	6
Orange	1	_	1
Parma ·	134	17	151
Parma Hts.	27	7	34
Pepper Pike	7	-	7
Richmond Hts.	31	3	34
Rocky River	14	1	15
Seven Hills	14	6	20
Shaker Hts.	88	8	96
Solon	20	2	22
South Euclid	61	6	67
Strongsville	47	5	52
University Hts.	24	8	32
Valley View	6	1	7
Walton Hills	7	2	9
Warrensville	9		9
Warrensville Hts.	126	71	197
Westlake	37	20	57
Woodmere	1	2	3
Citizens	515	151	666
Cleveland Board of Education	230	135	365
Other School Boards	98	133	231
Parents, Relatives, Guardians	517	650	1,167
Social Agencies	86	50	136
Other Police	248	118	366
Store Security	525	396	921
Other Sources	228	79	307
Unknown	249	150	399
TOTAL	7,583	2,749	10,332

Table 3
Ages of Delinquent And Unruly Children
in Cuyahoga County — 1976

Ages	Boys	Girls	Total
Eight and Under	27	8	35
Nine	26	7	33
Ten	26	12	70
Eleven	108	32	140
Twelve	208	77	285
Thirteen	375	146	521
Fourteen	771	293	1,064
Fifteen	1,300	503	1,803
Sixteen	1,633	584	2,217
Seventeen	2,667	804	3,471
Unknown	410	283	693
TOTAL	7,583	2,749	10,332

# Table 4 Total Complaints, 1976 Compared with 1975

NEW COMPLAINTS	1976	1975
Children's Cases:		
Delinquency: Boys	6,576 1,661	7,763 1,662
TOTAL DELINQUENCY	8,237	9,425
Unruliness: Boys	1,007 1,088	1,313 1,149
TOTAL UNRULINESS	2,095	2,462
TOTAL DELINQUENCY and UNRULINESS	10,332	11,887
Juvenile Traffic  Neglected Children's Cases  Dependent Children's Cases  Application to Determine Custody  Application for Approval of Permanent Surrender  Application for Consent to Marry  Writ of Habeas Corpus  Applications, Photos, Fingerprints  Other Cases	9,932 121 365 64 24 35 14 10	9,807 115 287 57 25 56 13 16 2
TOTAL CHILDREN'S CASES	20,904	22,265
Adult Cases: Non-Support of Children Neglect of Children Endangering Children Contributing to Delinquency Contributing to Unruliness Paternity Complaints Certifications and Motions Contempt of Court Other Cases	283 12 22 10 29 1,205 20 47 35	282 8 12 20 34 859 29 41 26
TOTAL ADULT CASES	1,663	1,311
TOTAL, NEW COMPLAINTS	22,567	22,576
ALIAS COMPLAINTS	3,945	3,819
GRAND TOTAL, NEW AND ALIAS COMPLAINTS	26,512	27,395

Table 5
Delinquency and Unruly Complaints, 1976 Compared with 1975

COMPLAINT	В	oys	Gir	rls	Tot	al
COMPLAINT	1976	1975	1976	1975	1976	1975
Homicide	14	27	3	5	17	32
Injury to Person	673	763	206	307	879	1,070
Sex Offenses	71	128	19	13	90	141
Arson	40	53	1	10	41	63
Theft from Person	553	572	115	25	668	597
Auto Theft	163	41	11	6	174	41
Unlawful Entry and Stealing	872	1,382	46	65	918	1,447
Trespassing	419	292	107	38	526	330
Auto Trespass	390	683	34	52	424	735
Destruction of Property	394	455	98	34	492	489
Other Property Offenses	221	178	31	30	252	208
Other Theft (Including Shoplifting)	1,237	1,509	634	774	1,871	2,283
Possession of Weapons	181	230	26	42	207	272
Disorderly Conduct	265	457	57	113	322	570
Drug and Narcotics Violations	347	535	62	82	409	617
Glue and Toxic Vapor Sniffing	53	59	4	8	57	67
Liquor Offenses	159	127	49	25	208	152
Curfew Violation	158	240	70	67	228	307
Truancy	180	251	211	181	391	432
Running Away	50	85	132	144	183	229
Incorrigibility	596	669	600	729	1,196	1,398
Other Complaint	547	340	233	67	780	407
TOTAL	7,583	9,076	2,749	2,811	10,332	11,887

Table 6
Dispositions Made In Delinquency and Unruly Cases, 1976

OFFICIAL CASES	Boys	Girls	Total
Placed on Probation	1,981	612	2,593
Placed in Private Treatment Centers	78	18	96
Committed to Public Institutions	701	101	802
Transferred to Criminal Division, Court of Common Pleas	60	_	60
Transferred to other Juvenile Courts	5	22	27
Order Made in Other Case	792	106	898
Referred to Other Agency	122	31	153
Dismissed	1,072	293	1,365
Withdrawn by Complainant	177	123	300
Other Disposition	22	3	25
Continued, or set for Hearing in 1977	626	219	845
TOTAL OFFICIAL DISPOSITIONS	5,636	1,528	7,164
UNOFFICIAL CASES			
Placed on Probation	130	79	209
Adjusted by Referee	1,293	783	2,076
Order Made in Other Case	6	3	9
Referred to Other Agency	52	23	75
Dismissed	153	49	202
Withdrawn by Complainant	47	26	73
Made Official	106	75	181
Continued, or set for Hearing in 1977	160	183	343
TOTAL UNOFFICIAL DISPOSITIONS	1,947	1,221	3,168

Table 7
Cases Under Supervision of the Probation and Placement Departments, 1976

	Probation Dept.				
	Male		Placement		
MOVEMENT OF CASES	Staff	Staff	Dept.	Total	
Brought Forward, January, 1976	1,742	770	441	2,953	
Received for Supervision	2,021	778	140	2,949	
Total Under Supervision	3,763	1,558	581	5,902	
Removed from Supervision	2,149	827	259	3,235	
Carried Forward to 1977	1,614	731	322	2,667	

Table 8
Children Under Care in Detention Home 1976
Compared With 1975

	В	Boys		Girls		Total	
POPULATION MOVEMENT	1976	1975	1976	1975	1976	1975	
Under Care, January 1	33	47	18	18	51	65	
Admitted	2,411	2,527	1,038	1,005	3,449	3,532	
Total Under Care	2,444	2,574	1,056	1,023	3,500	3,597	
Released	2,404	2,541	1,035	1,005	3,439	3,546	
Under Care, December 31	40	33	21	18	61	51	
Total Days of							
Care Furnished	23,824	23,757	11,483	9,620	35,307	33,377	
Average Daily Population .	65	65	31	26	96	91	
Average Length of Stay							
in Days	10	9	11	9	10	9	

# Table 9 Disposed of Without Court Action

(Ohio Rules of Juvenile Procedure #9)

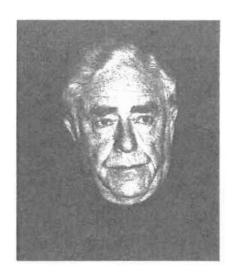
1. Referred to Public Agencies		165
2. Referred to Private Agencies		
3. Referred to Boards of Education		
4. Referred to Juvenile Court Projects		82
5. Referred to Police Departments		172
6. Referred to Other Courts		
7. Referred to Other Services		32
8. Referred to Court Workers		397
9. Total letters mailed on Complaints (Attach face sheet and copy of lett	er)	1,031
10. Disposed of at Intake		521
TOTAL		2,524

Table 10
Diagnosis of Patients Examined By the Court Psychiatrists — 1976

DIAGNOSIS	Boys	Girls	Adults	Total
Psychosis				
Schizophrenia, Various	4	2		6
Other		2		2
		_		_
Neurosis				
Depressive Reaction	8	3		11
Phobic Reaction	1	1		2
Other	1	2		3
Personality Disorders				
Passive-Aggressive Personality	38	9		47
Inadequate Personality	2	Ü		2
Anti-Social Personality	13	7		20
	2	14		16
Hysterical Personality	2			7
Explosive Personality	4	4		4
Schizoid Personality	1			1
Paranoid Personality	1			1
Other Personality Disorders	12	2		14
Transient Situation Disturb				
Adjustment Reaction of Childhood	3	1		4
Adjustment Reaction to Adolescence	164	66		230
Behavior Disorders				
Withdrawn Reaction		1		1
Overanxious Reaction	2	1		3
Runaway Reaction	-	3		3
Unsocialized Aggression	11	3		14
		1		11
Group Delinquent	10	1		11
Other Behavior Disorders	2	1		3
Other Disorders				
Mental Retardation	12	7		19
Drug Dependence	8	1		9
Sexual Deviation	3			3
Alcoholism	6	1	2	9
Other Diagnosis				
Diagnosis deferred		1		1
No diagnosis made	15	8		23
TOTAL	320	141	2	

# Table 11 Collections of Money by the Court and Distribution of Money for the Support of Minor Children

TYPE OF COLLECTION	
For Support of Children	\$2,909,492
Damages or Restitution	29,980
Poundage	29,920
Fines	20,846
Costs	94,684
Appearance Bonds	33,900
Maternity Hospital Collection	4,048
State of Ohio — Educational Subsidy	136,800
Miscellaneous General Collections	121,250
TOTAL AMOUNT COLLECTED	\$3,381,900
Money for Support of Children Disbursed To:  Parents and Relatives	\$1,322,088
Cuyahoga County Welfare Department	1,447,079
Other Tax-Supported Agencies and Institutions	
TOTAL PUBLIC AGENCIES	\$1,454,467
Private Agencies:	
Residential Placements	\$ 70,011
Local Agencies and Institutions	47,488
TOTAL PRIVATE AGENCIES	\$ 117,499
GRAND TOTAL OF SUPPORT MONEY DISBURSED	\$2,894,054



### JUDGE JOHN J. TONER

Judge John J. Toner has served as the Administrative Judge of Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court since June 29, 1972. He has been a Juvenile Court Judge since December 5, 1960 and is currently serving his fourth term in office.

Judge Toner has served the citizens of Cuyahoga County for over thirty-four years. He was a Psychiatric Consultant for the Municipal and Common Pleas Courts from 1950-1954. Prior to that time, he served on the County Child Welfare Board from 1937-1942.

Judge Toner was also engaged in private law practice from 1950-1960.

He lectured Law and Sociology classes at John Carroll University from 1950-1954.

He is a graduate from Cleveland State University Law School, Juris Doctor; Western Reserve University School of Applied Social Sciences, M.S.S.A.; and John Carroll University, Ph.D.

Judge Toner's concern for the troubled youth and other civic and social affairs exceed his work on the bench. He is Past President of the Serra Club of Cleveland and the Ohio Juvenile Court Judges Association; Chairman of the Youth Services Advisory Board; Trustee of the Police Athletic League, Ohio Boys Town, Catholic Lawyer's Guild, Impact Cities Program, Federation for Community Planning, and Project Friendship; member of the Catholic Counseling Center Board, Ohio Bar Association, Cleveland Bar Association, Cuyahoga County Bar Association, Trustee National Council of Juvenile Court Judges, United Torch Drive's — Tours, Speakers & Films Services, Citizens League, Holy Name Society, Past Member of the Junior League of Cleveland — Community Advisory Committee, Cuyahoga County Welfare Department — Advisory Board, and the Criminal Justice Co-Ordinating Council.





Judge Walter G. Whitlatch is the Senior Judge at Juvenile Court. He is currently serving his fourth term in office. He was first elected in November, 1959.

Judge Whitlatch has served the citizens of Cuyahoga County since 1936, as a Referee, Administrator and Legal Consultant at Juvenile Court.

From 1933 to 1936 he was engaged in the private practice of law; Associate Editor of Law Publishing Company; and an Investigator for the Public Assistance Administration.

Judge Whitlatch has both a Bachelor of Arts and Law Degree from Case Western Reserve University.

His professional activities include Past President, National Council of Juvenile Court Judges, Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges 1965-1967; Board of Fellows, National Center for Juvenile Justice; Society of Benchers, Case Western Reserve University; U.S. Delegate to the United

Nations Congress on Crime and Treatment of Offenders, Geneva, Switzerland, 1975; Advisor on Juvenile Delinquency, President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice, 1966; Advisory Board, Ohio Youth Commission, 1963-1967; Member of Ohio Supreme Court's Civil Rules Committee and various Youth Services Organizations; Draftsman and principal proponent of the 1969 Revision of Ohio's Juvenile Court Act.

Judge Whitlatch established Project Friendship; Big Brothers for Delinquent Boys; the Court Diversion Program; Neighborhood Probation Officers; and Suburban Offices of Juvenile Court.

He has authored numerous publications, such as, *The Lawyer in the Juvenile Court*, Cleveland Bar Association Journal, April 1950; *The Juvenile Court — A Court of Law*, Western Reserve Law Review, Vol. 18, No. 4, May 1967; and *Reducing Detention Home Population*, Juvenile Justice, Vol. 24, No. 2, August 1973.

#### JUDGE ANGELO J. GAGLIARDO



Judge Angelo J. Gagliardo was elected as the fourth Juvenile Court Judge on November 2, 1962. He took the oath of office on January 2, 1963 and is currently serving his third term in office.

Judge Gagliardo has extensive experience in legal affairs. he was engaged in general practice from 1951 to December, 1962. He was Chief Probation Officer at Cleveland Municipal Court from 1953 through December, 1962. Prior to that position, he was a Supervisor in the Probation Department of Cleveland Municipal Court from 1950 to 1953.

Judge Gagliardo has also taught law. He was a lecturer at the Law-Medicine Center, Western Reserve University, from 1958 to 1963. Prior to that time, he was Associate Professor of Law at Cleveland Marshall Law School from 1952 to 1958.

Judge Gagliardo is an Adelbert College, WRU graduate. He obtained a Masters of Arts Degree in Case Western Reserve University's School of Applied Social Sciences program. He graduated Cum Laude in 1951 from Cleveland Marshall Law School.

Judge Gagliardo is active with numerous professional and community organizations. He is President of the Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges, Past-President of the Ohio Probation and Parole Association, 1957, 1958, and 1959 and Past-President of the American Justinian Society of Jurists, 1973. He is a member of the Cuyahoga Bar, and Ohio State Bar Associations. He is on the Board of Trustees of the Nationalities Service Center; Catholic F & C S; and St. Mary's Seminary.

Several of his awards include Phi Beta Kappa — 1936; Outstanding Service Award — Alumni Association of Case Western Reserve University — 1971; and Ohio Supreme Court — Outstanding Judicial Service — 1972, 1973.





A greater Cleveland native, Judge John F. Corrigan is presently serving his second six-year-term in office.

Judge Corrigan served two terms in the Ohio Legislature from 1963 to 1967, before being elected a Juvenile Court Judge. While in the Legislature, Judge Corrigan served on the Judiciary Committee. Consequently, he is still actively involved with that committee in relation to Juvenile Justice.

A former referee, probation officer and practicing attorney Judge Corrigan has had extensive experience in the social services field.

He received his Law Degree from the University of Detroit.

Judge Corrigan was a radio operator and gunner in the Army Air Corps during World War II. He received the Air Medal with two Oak Leaf Clusters and was a prisoner of war for one year after being shot down over France.

Judge Corrigan is Past Chairman of the National Juvenile Court Accreditation Committee; Trustee of the Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges; Member of the Awards Committee of the National Association of Juvenile Court Judges and a Board Member of the Ohio Boys Town, Spaulding for Children Beechbrook. He was also the recipient of the Supreme Court Award for Outstanding Judicial Service in 1973.

#### **JUDGE LEODIS HARRIS**



Judge Leodis Harris, elected to his first term in office on November 2, 1976, is the first black Juvenile Court Judge in the State of Ohio.

A Cleveland Marshall Law School graduate, he was engaged in the private practice of law from 1963 to 1976.

Judge Harris is active with various youth programs throughout Cuyahoga County and is a member of the Cleveland Lawyers Association, Cuyahoga County Bar Association and Citizens League.

# **Directory of Personnel**

COMMON PLEAS COURT
JUVENILE COURT DIVISION

2163 East 22nd Street

Telephone: 771-8400

HON. JOHN J. TONER, Administrative Judge HON. WALTER G. WHITLATCH, Judge HON. ANGELO J. GAGLIARDO, Judge HON. JOHN F. CORRIGAN, Judge HON. LEODIS HARRIS, Judge

ERVIN J. WIERZBINSKI, Administrator

LEGAL SERVICES
JOHN J. SWEENEY, Director
WILLIAM KURTZ, Assistant Director

REFEREES:

Donna Catliota William Fraunfelder Richard Graham George McCready Garlandine Mallory Margaret Mazza

Robert Wasserman Jeanne Winkler

CLERK'S OFFICE ANDREW PIERCE, Chief Deputy Clerk

BAILIFFS:

Sue Fisher Clarence Gaines III Andrew Ladika Michael O'Grady Fred O'Malley Jack Sonneborn, Sr. JUDGES' CLERKS: Ruth Gorman Madaline Kelly Margaret Rhoades Bonnie Seiber Joyce Stucko INTAKE OFFICERS:
Rosa Benton
Sharon Berman
Jack DiCillo
Helen Curry
Peter Baumgartner,
Docket Review Officer
Wayne Strunk

SOCIAL SERVICES
PROBATION DEPARTMENT
ANDREW J. DeSANTI, Chief Probation Officer
VICTOR M. MACHA, JR., Assistant Chief Probation Officer

CASE SUPERVISIONS:

Rudiene Brabson Francis Hogan Christina Hamlin Millard Jones, Jr. Margaret Mueller Matt Novak Charlotte Perry Gladys Rubin Donald Switzer

PROBATION OFFICERS, MAIN COURT:

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Artie Hicks

Kenneth Hirz

David Horton

John Howley

Lamont Johnson

Linda Johnson John Johnston Robert Kahl Lyn Kibler Norman Kiner Darlene Lamb John Lepo Steven Leverich Ronald Malone Mark Mattern Brian McAfee Melvin McCray Thomas McGuiness Mark Melena Harold Miller Lorenzo Norris Ronald Nowakowski Kathleen Owens Thomas Pahler Donald Perry

Mack Pinkney

Leon Pitts Elizabeth Ramsey Deborah Reaves William Rocke Patricia Schraff Cornell Sledge William Small **Dennis Soltis** Jack Sonneborn, Jr. Charles Spraque **Dwight Sutherland** Mary Thomas Denyse Tilford James Tribble Michelle Ungar Michael Violi Cynthia Ward Jacqueline Warren Ellen Welsh Milton Wilkes James Young

### PLACEMENT UNIT DONALD PEAK, Supervisor

PROBATION OFFICERS:

Jack Cervelli James Manuel Earl Matthews Rebecca McLerov Patrick O'Donnell

Donald Schwallie Cathy Witt

H.B. 156 UNIT DORIS HUNT, Supervisor

PROBATION OFFICERS:

Sylvia Baugham

John Lowey

Sharon Lyon

### COMMUNITY COUNSELING CENTERS PROJECT ROBERT TWOHEY, Director

CASEWORK SUPERVISORS:

Marwan Jadeed

Allen Maragliano

Jearlene Rogers

PROBATION OFFICERS:

Jerrald Arnold Elizabeth Douglas

Ann Harris

Rudolph Hoston

Melvin McCray Louis Moore Johnny Pollard

Shirley Simon

Richard Walker Joseph Whalen Leonard Young

Kevin Zehe

YOUTH WORKERS:

Glynn Crawford

Willa Morgan

Jean Richard

Jean White

### WEST SIDE PROJECT JOYCE SMITH, Director FRANK BALISTRERI, Casework Supervisor

PROBATION OFFICERS:

William Bowen Carol Boyd James Buccini John Gallagher Kathy George

Gregory Graham Cindy Jarzembak Jerrold Kaplan Louis Kaszas

Lynda Kurtz

John May John Miller Mark Minnello

Pamela Brandman, Family Therapist Janet McCormick, Group Therapist

COURT CLINIC IRVING BERGER, M.D., Director

PSYCHIATRISTS:

Dr. Rachel Baker

Dr. Melvin Chavison

Dr. Jamie Galvez

Dr. John A. Hadden, Jr.

Dr. Richard Markey

Dr. Florence Matthews

PSYCHOLOGISTS: Abraham Chasin, Ph.D. Isidore Helfand, Ph.D. Charles Winslow, Ph.D.

James Irvin Phillip Wisniski

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS RICHARD A. GALLITTO, Statistician

# TRAINING DEPARTMENT EDITH ANDERSON, Director

# BUDGET AND PERSONNEL DEPARTMENT BRICE MANNING, Director

GRANTS MANAGER, THOMAS S. EDWARDS Community Relations Officer, John W. Arnold Central Stenographic Services, Jean Nebesar, Chief Family Case Record Room, Ella Eckhoff, Chief

SUPPORTIVE SERVICES DAVID ADAMS, Supervisor

Child Support Department JAMES PAPP, Director JOHN BOKOCH, Assistant Director

COUNSELORS: James Farmer, Jr. Timothy McGrail

Roberta Oleksiak Harry Steele Sandra Watson
Jeanne Walsh, Office Manager

Cashier's Office HOWARD McGUIRE, Chief Cashier

Bail-Bond, Police Liaison STUART WOLDMAN, Chief

Detention Intake and Release ROBERT HORLEY, Referee Lawrence Alesnik, Referee Gussy Burlin, Administrator's Secretary

JUVENILE COURT BRANCH OFFICES

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Alice Carter, Clerk

Leon Pitts, Probation Officer

City of Euclid, Ohio 545 East 222nd St.

Telephone: 731-9555

City of East Cleveland, Ohio

13601 Euclid Ave. SAUNDRA MALEVAN, Referee Telephone: 761-8410

City of Lakewood, Ohio

12650 Detroit ROBERT CIKRAJI, *Referee* Gayle Price, *Clerk*  Telephone: 521-7580

#### CUYAHOGA COUNTY JUVENILE DETENTION HOME

2209 Central Avenue

Telephone Numbers: Days, 771-8400 Nights, Sundays, Holidays, 771-8421

MARTIN KELLEY, Superintendent JANET ESTADT, Assistant Superintendent

Irene Brodzinski, Regina Tycast,

Office Manager Food Service

Lois Rosasco.

Food Service Manager

Director of Activities

SHIFT SUPERINTENDENTS:

Hillman Hanley, Jr. Sherman Helm Charles Mines Willie Moore James Robinson Floyd Simmons

MEDICAL SERVICES REGIS F. GOLUBSKI, M.D. *Director* KATHERINE M. ALDEN, R.N., Head Nurse

#### JUVENILE COURT STAFF MEMBERS

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Hazel Hannibal Frances Haskovec Frank Haskovec Marian Hickman Valerie Hicks Pam Hodge Margrett Holliman Sylvia Hubbard Patricia Hughey Debra Jaenke Denise Jaworski Henia Johnson Anna Jones Sandra Joyce Sheila Kaiser Connie Kasnik Victoria Kaszion Candace Kauntz Mary Keating Eleanor Kirby Mary Kremzar Mary Kurtz Patricia Kus Debbie Kuzel Paulette Lapka Ron Larson Celeste Laster Denise Magalotti Denise Malone Mattie Malone Mark Manning Bruce Manuel Denise Marczak Kathleen Masterson JoAnn Matese Phyllis Matthews Faith Mazur Marilyn McCall Anne McFarland Owen McGinty Damielle McGuirk Barbara McMahan Heanne Metzger Jeanne Minnello Arnold Mitchell Sherley Moorer Gloria Moro Clara Mulgrew Loretta Mulvey Grace Myers Barbara Newman Joanne Neill Robert Neill, Jr. Mary Newport

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Victoria White

Edith Winland

Harry Wilson

Patricia Yano

Gregory Williamson

Catherine Wronko

Beverly Hamilton

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Gerald Frazier

Harrison Fulton

James Gay, Sr.

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James Gay, Jr. Chandler V. Garnett Mary F. Gilbert Eddie Greene William R. Haake Melvin C. Hall Robert L. Hampton Victor B. Harcastle Joe Harding Lowell D. Harris Ruby L. Harris Darryl E. Harrison Bernard Harvey Barbara A. Head David S. Henderson Joel F. Hicks Herine Hill Mary A. Hillman Jeanie P. Hogue Susan M. Hollan Joseph T. Isom Vincent P. James Barbara Jeskey Jerry J. Johnson James T. Jones Emma S. Jordan Perry W. Joyner John L. Kelly Lvn S. Kibler Dennis C. Kuminski Nea H. Lamb Albert Laster Mary L. Leggon William E. Little Roosevelt Lockley, Jr. Mildred Lowery Charlie Malone Sallie Malone George Maranuk George R. McJunkins Fay Ray McLeod Catherine Midgett Olethia Miller Geddes K. Mitchell

Alberta Morrison Marie A. Namev McCauley R. Odom Issac T. Oliver Lillian M. Orosz James M. Pertz Mack Pinkney Kyril Popoff Catherine Prevo Fannie Price Raymond Ray Lillie B. Rice Norman Richard Lawrence Richards Jackie V. Robinson John Robinson Lucille Ruff Vernon P. Sanders Carl Schmitz Sandra Scott Burrell A. Shields Katherine Singleton Claude L. Smith Shirley V. Smith Charles B. Snell Luvenia Spivey Thomas D. Stewart Eugene Stover Ann Taraba Cordelia D. Tover Zelma L. Tucker Regina Tycast Paula B. Vasil Thomas Washington Eugene W. Wheeler Vera White Georgia L. Whittemore Johnny C. Williams Leonard Williamson Jeanie M. Woods Edward W. Wooten, Jr. Stanley A. Worthy

Charlie G. Young

Ronald Young

Sandra Zummo

#### BAIL BOND ARRANGEMENTS

Garnett A. Morgan, Jr.

Russell Morris, Jr.

During office hours, 8:15 A.M. to 4:30 P.M., bail bonds may be arranged at the Clerk's Office in the Court Building. Between 4:00 P.M. and midnight, bail may be arranged in the Detention Home.

# **Advisory Board Members**

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Mr. Thomas F. Allen

Mr. Frank Kelker

Mrs. John Bernett

Mr. Robert Larson

Mr. Crede Calhoun

Mr. Frank Leonetti

Mr. Frank Catliota

Mr. John Petten

Msgr. Casimir Ciolek

Mrs. Frank H. Porter

Mrs. Garry B. Curtiss

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