

Juvenile Court

Division of Common Pleas Court



Annual Report 1977

Hon. John J. Toner

Hon. Walter G. Whitlatch

Hon. Angelo J. Gagliardo

Hon. John F. Corrigan

Hon. Leodis Harris

The Honorable Seth C. Taft, Robert E. Sweeney, George V. Voinovich
Commissioners of Cuyahoga County

The Honorable Kenneth Creasy
Director, Ohio Department of Public Welfare

The Honorable Timothy Moritz, M.D.
Director, Ohio Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation

The Honorable George Denton
Director, Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction

The Honorable William K. Willis
Chairman, Ohio Youth Commission

Sirs:

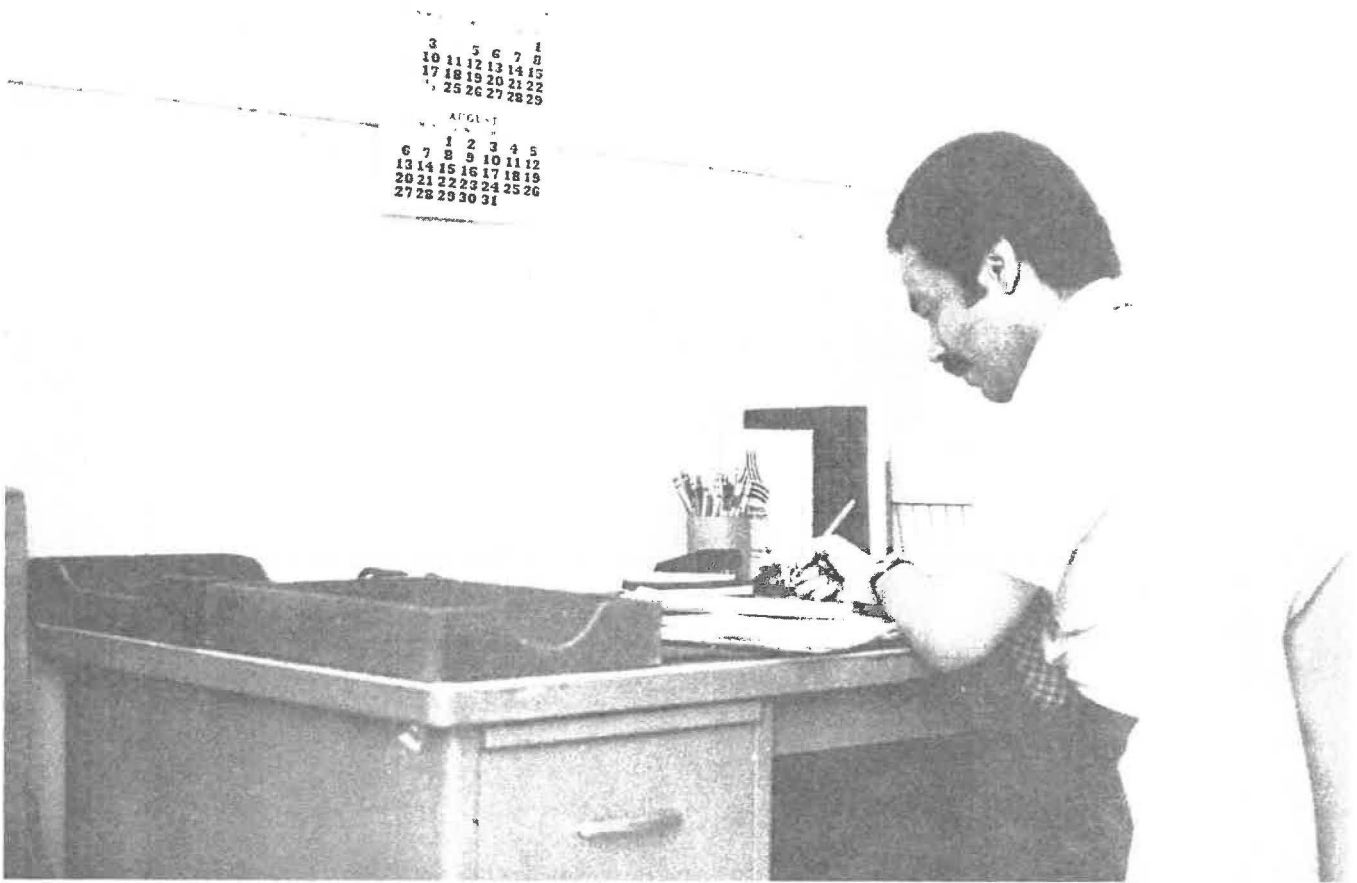
In compliance with Section 2151.18 of the Revised Code, we submit, herewith, the Annual Report of the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court for the calendar year 1977, showing the number and kind of cases that have come before it, the disposition thereof ordered by the Court, and other data pertaining to the work of the Court of interest to you and to the general public.

Respectfully submitted,

John J. Toner, Judge

Common Pleas Court
Juvenile Court Division

Cleveland, Ohio
July, 1978



Constant monitoring of new court orders enables Child Support Counselor Greg Williamson to better serve his clients.



(From left to right), Dave Chelminski, Pat Kaus, and David Adams spot check a paymaster print out in the Cashiers office.

1977 marked the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court's 75th Anniversary. The theme for the 75th Anniversary was "Building Tomorrow — Today." Through that theme, an attempt was made to build public awareness concerning (1) the day-to-day functions of the Juvenile Court; (2) the various services which the Court provides; and (3) a brief account of the Court's short and long-term goals.

Over the past 75 years, several departments were developed which are having an increasingly significant impact upon the employees of the Court and the public of Cuyahoga County. Supportive Services, Staff Development and Training, the Juvenile Court Information System and Grants Management were those departments. While these departments were not readily visible to the public, without their services the Court would have been greatly handicapped if it could have functioned at all.

Supportive Services

Established in October 1970, the Supportive Services Department, directed by Mr. David C. Adams, includes the sub-departments of Child Support, Cashiers, Bail-Bonds and Transportation, Detention Home Intake and the Volunteers program. The full service element of this department continues to be crucial to the Court's day-to-day internal and external functions.

The Supportive Services department is the Court's liaison with the Ohio Youth Commission, the Youth Development Center, the Cuyahoga County Welfare Department (CCWD), concerned parents and the various social service agencies which work with the Court.

The Supportive Services and Community Relations Departments are involved with the dissemination of information to the public and the coordination of volunteer programs at the Court. Many area colleges, and social and civic organizations

schedule a tour of the Court and the Detention Home into their yearly activities. Mr. Adams, in conjunction with other Court personnel, aids these groups in obtaining a better understanding of the Juvenile Justice System.

These two departments are regularly involved with area law enforcement agencies. Instruction concerning the Juvenile Court's policies and procedures is part of the Cleveland Police Academy's curriculum.

Child Support

The Child Support Department is responsible for supervising all cases in which the Court orders either or both parents to pay toward the support of their child(ren). The Child support department plays an important role in such areas as single parent homes, and school and foster home placements. Child support payments are based upon the ability of the parents to pay and the needs of the child(ren).

The Child Support department was created in 1932. It then consisted of one full-time case worker, one part-time case worker and one full-time secretary. This small department processed approximately 2,500 cases in 1932. By 1960, the department was responsible for handling approximately 4,400 cases.

In 1977, the child support department was responsible for approximately 9,000 cases with six child support counselors, two supervisors and nine clerical personnel. This was an average work load of 1,500 cases per worker. By any standard, this was an excessive caseload for a worker.

In July, 1975, an amendment to the Social Security Act (Title 4-D) became law. During 1977, the Juvenile Court and the Welfare Department began working toward the implementation of Title 4-D.

One significant feature of Title 4-D is the emphasis it places on locating absent parents. When a parent is located, an evaluation of that parent's ability to provide for the child(ren) in

question is made in an attempt to reduce the use of public funds to support these children. It is projected, by the Welfare Department, that Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court will process 7,000 additional paternity and non-support cases each year for the next few years as a result of Title 4-D.

To further implement Title 4-D, the Board of County Commissioners purchased the old Lowe's Building on Playhouse Square to house an expanded child support enforcement operation. Plans for that building call for two courtrooms, four referees, a clerks office, a cashiers office, an intake department and a significantly expanded child support department to handle the already high caseloads and the new influx of cases as a result of Title 4-D. Seventy-five percent of these additional expenses for processing Title 4-D cases will be reimbursed through federal funding.

Mid 1979 has been set as the completion date for the Loew's Building. In the interim, the Court has been seeking temporary office facilities to house a partially expanded child support department, two referees, child support intake and ancillary clerical personnel.

Cashiers

One of the Court's original departments, the Cashiers Office is responsible for receiving and distributing monies ordered paid through the Court. In 1977, this department received approximately 3.5 million dollars and distributed approximately 8,000 checks per month.

Some of the key areas of monies collected were: child support — to be paid through the Cuyahoga County Welfare Department — \$1,400,000; child support to be paid directly to mothers — \$1,500,000; child support for Cuyahoga County Welfare Department — Social Services (CCWD-SS) from fathers — \$71,155; CCWD-SS from mothers — \$6,399; damages — \$16,740; traffic costs —



The transportation of youth to various institutions and private schools totals over 175,000 driving miles each year. Mr. Stuart Woldman, above, supervises this department.



Detention Home Intake Officer Robert Horley advises a child of her right to be represented by an attorney during an intake hearing.

\$75,043; bonds — \$21,997; blood tests — \$7,011; court costs — \$9,288; and court fines — \$3,077. To accomplish the cashier's task more efficiently, the Court implemented an IBM, Systems III, Model 6 computer system in December, 1973. Two full-time computer operators maintained current information on (1) a payment master, which contains approximately 16,300 records for the distribution of monies; (2) a payor master, containing approximately 10,500 records for information pertaining to those ordered to pay through the Court; (3) a payee master, containing approximately 5,300 records of information pertaining to those who received monies as a result of a court order. The cashier's office had approximately 12,000 cases on file in 1977 and ledger cards were kept for each case, detailing the history of receipts and disbursements. These ledger cards were posted on a daily basis as payments were received and disbursed. The daily processing resulted in the printing of an average 450-500 checks per day.

Bail-Bonds and Transportation

The Bail-Bonds and Transportation Department was created to provide a multitude of services to the Court and the community. In 1977, this department worked with the interstate compact agreement in the return of out of state juveniles, arranged bus and airport trips for runaway juveniles, provided mail services, booked over 2,246 warrants and capias, processed over 270 bonds, conducted liaison work with the various branches of the armed services and processed all papers for and the transportation of all children committed to the Youth Development Center and the Ohio Youth Commission. The transportation of juveniles to various institutions throughout Ohio totaled over 175,000 driving miles last year and required a staff of three full-time drivers.

This department also maintained Court security, both in the five individual courtrooms and the building premises. Consequently, this department was a liaison with the Cleveland Police and the Cuyahoga County Sheriff's Department. Six full-time Sheriff's Deputies were responsible for the Courtrooms, referee's rooms and general Court security.

Detention Home Intake

Although the Court prefers that a child remain at home while waiting for his (her) Court hearing, this is not always possible. It is sometimes best for a child if he (she) remains in the Detention Home (D.H.).

Organized in May, 1967, the Detention Home Intake Unit is responsible for determining whether a child should or should not be held in the D.H. pending a court hearing. A D.H. hearing takes place within 72 hours of the child's arrival at the D.H. or on the next Court date pursuant to Rule #7 of the Ohio Rules of Juvenile Procedures. Rule #7 provides four criteria to determine whether a child should remain in the D.H.: (1) if the child is a danger to the community; (2) if the child is a danger to himself; (3) if the child has no home to go to; or (4) if the child may abscond before the Court hearing. During the D.H. hearing, each child is advised of his (her) right to an attorney during the hearing, and the parents are also requested to be present. There were 2,163 D.H. hearings held in 1977.

The Ohio Supreme Court Rules of Juvenile Procedure also provide for an adjudicatory hearing within ten days of a child's admission to the D.H. Constant monitoring of the D.H. population affords each child a speedy hearing and an early release from the D.H. If the population is not monitored, the population could increase to an alarming capacity.

In 1977, the average daily detention home population was 100 children and the average length of stay was nine days.

Volunteer Programs

The volunteer has played a significant role in the Juvenile Court since its beginning in 1902. It was a group of volunteers, the YMCA's Social Service Club, that was instrumental in founding the Court. From this Social Service Club, a committee was appointed to investigate the number and ages of children confined with adults in the county jail. This committee proposed a conference with the Police Court judges to consider the feasibility of having volunteer probation officers prevent the incarceration of youthful offenders by assuming responsibility for their supervision. The plan was readily approved and many "civic-minded men" quickly volunteered their services.

Although the Court had a professional staff of 95 probation officers, the volunteer program continued to be active in 1977. Perhaps the four largest groups of volunteers associated with the Juvenile Court were the Citizens' Advisory Board, Project Friendship, Big Brothers and Probation Friends.

The Citizens' Advisory Board to the Juvenile Court was started in 1966. Through the years, this board has been instrumental in adding a new perspective to solving old and new problems. It has also supported the Court during times of stress and indecision. During 1977, the Advisory Board contributed to the forward movement of the Court in several key areas: budget control; the Court's renovation; staff morale and employee relations; court decentralization and community relations. The Board was instrumental in celebrating the Court's 75th Anniversary by hosting an open house and tour of the Juvenile Court and the Detention Home for school groups and area civic leaders.

The Board has realized that the shortage of funds and the great need for Court services must eventually lead to the use of volunteers and semi-professional people as aides to the professional Court staff.



The Citizens' Advisory Board has been instrumental in initiating several new programs at the Court.



Mr. Allan Maragliano, assistant training director, meets with several new probation officers.

In 1962, Judge Walter G. Whitlatch spoke to a group of women in his church, Lyndhurst Community Presbyterian, who had been studying the "Youth in a Troubled World". As a result of that speech, these women visited the Juvenile Court and saw the great needs of the young people who were involved with the Court. These women presented the idea of meeting these youths' needs to the Cleveland Presbyterial Association. The result of that organization's exploration and consideration was the establishment of Project Friendship, Inc. This big sister program, one woman plus one girl, has grown into a unique community agency supported by many concerned individuals and groups. Last year, the Juvenile Court referred 150 girls to Project Friendship.

Big Brothers of Greater Cleveland has roots dating back to 1956. The agency has also linked itself to the national Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America whose history dates back to 1903.

The purpose of Big Brothers has been to recruit, screen and direct volunteers to serve as friends to little brothers and little sisters. Youngsters have been referred to the agency by parents, guardians, medical personnel or other interested agencies. The Juvenile Court referred 156 boys to Big Brothers in 1977 in an attempt to divert the youngster from further involvement with the Court.

A relatively new volunteer program, which began in 1977, is Probation Friends. Probation Friends provides adults to work with children who are on probation with the Juvenile Court. Originating as a pilot program at the Near West Side Office, Probation Friends utilizes adults who live in the same neighborhood as does the child on probation. It is theorized that the adult can better understand the child and the child's problems if they live in a similar environment.

The Probation Friends pilot program was so successful, a full-scale program has been initiated.

Staff Development and Training Department

Recognizing the need to improve service delivery and upgrade staff capability, the Juvenile Court applied for a two year grant from the Cleveland Foundation to provide coordinated training opportunities for its total staff by hiring a Training Director. Consequently, the Staff Development and Training Department became operable in August, 1974, under the direction of Mrs. Edith Anderson. The concept of training was a well accepted phenomenon by the Court Administration as well as the line staff. The Staff Development and Training Department was seen as a means to (1) achieve greater staff professionalism; (2) increase job skills; (3) raise morale; (4) change attitudes; (5) improve teamwork; and (6) generally increase the capability of the total staff.

During 1977, this department maintained on-going orientation programs for new staff with specific emphasis geared to the social services department. The largest group of professional staff involved in orientation was the probation officer. The training department molded the probation officers' orientation program to include: (1) the philosophy of the Juvenile Court; (2) an overview of the scope, mission and function of the Court; (3) Court policies and procedures; (4) an overview of human services in corrections; and (5) the use of community resources. In addition to the theory input, the officers began receiving cases on a selective basis during their second week of work. The length of time that a worker spent in orientation depended on the needs of the workers, as determined by the worker, the deputy chief probation officer and the trainer.

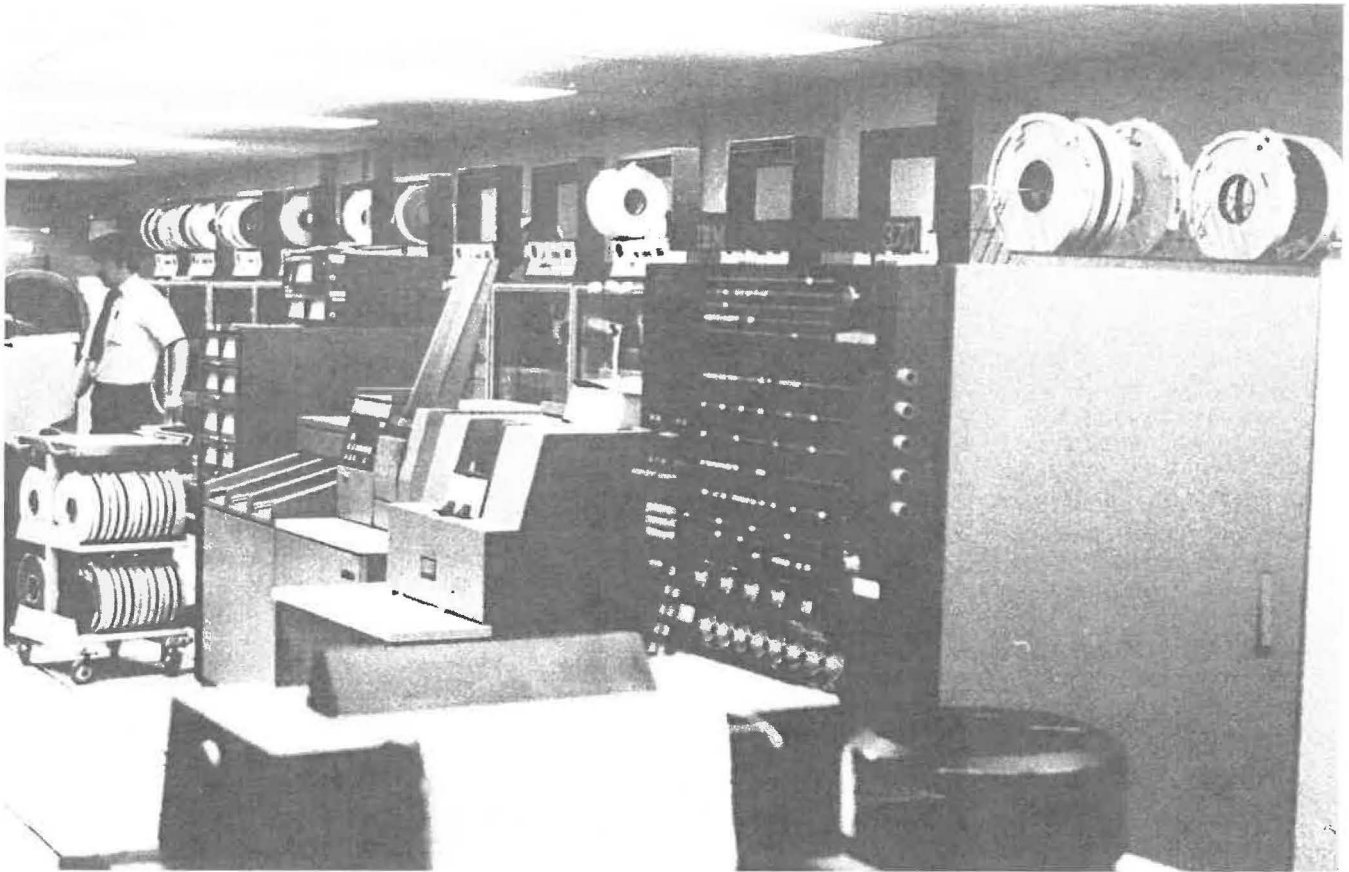
In-service training for probation officers also included developing training activities for probation staff in implementation of a revised record

format. This training project was developed in three phases. The first phase consisted of a training activity for the total probation staff that provided an opportunity for that group to enhance their skills and knowledge in interviewing, relationship building and recording data. Phase two of this training project consisted of training a cadre of thirty probation staff via their use of the revised record format to develop their proficiency so that they could conduct phase three of the training project, with consultation from the training department staff, which was the total implementation of the revised record format.

The Detention Home was another key area which called for staff development and training. Over the past few years, the detention home personnel have been faced with a new breed of juvenile. The juvenile has often been a more independent and more aggressive youth who came from middle and upper income families located in suburban communities.

The focus of training for the detention home was an up-grading of skills primarily designed for the unit supervisors. An eight week in-service training program was developed with the superintendent and the assistant superintendent, after the unit supervisors had responded to a questionnaire that assessed their needs and interest in training. The content of this program included: (1) detention home philosophy; (2) working with adolescents in short-term security; and (3) an overview of this system's structure. Staff evaluation of the program indicated it was a complete success.

One crucial area of training and development in which the court has intervened has been the thrust in organizational management development. Films, lectures and in-service training have been utilized to help department heads direct their staff and build a team work approach to solving common problems and implement new programs on a Court wide scale.



The JCIS is interfaced with the county's main computer operations at Metropolitan General Hospital, shown above.



Mr. Thomas Edwards, grants manager, engages in hours of research before writing a grant proposal.

Also during 1977, an assistant training director joined the Juvenile Court. This person was primarily responsible for probation orientation and the development of mini in-service programs for all court staff. Thus this department was able to meet the day-to-day needs of the Court and also develop long-range goals to aid in maintaining the Court's high degree of professionalism in the Juvenile Justice System.

Juvenile Court Information System

The Ohio Rules of Juvenile Procedure and the trend toward decentralized services have complicated the collection, storage and dissemination of information related to cases and the parties involved with the Juvenile Court. Recognizing the need for improved internal operations, the Juvenile Court, in 1973, began a program to improve its information processing and record keeping procedures, practices and policies. Thus the Juvenile Court Information System (JCIS) was born.

Under the direction of Mr. Peter Baumgartner, the implementation of JCIS was dissected into five phases. Phase I was the development and installation of new manual procedures and formats which interface with and support the computerized components of the JCIS. This phase was completed in 1977.

Barbara Noonan, the Court's Analyst, played a major role in Phase I. She was responsible for the documentation of all manual procedures

and the interfacing of those procedures with the JCIS. She also aided in the development of new service forms that are compatible with the JCIS. Several of these forms are: summons, subpoenas, and notices.

Phase II will be the implementation of traffic case processing. Phase III will be the processing of all other Juvenile Court cases. Phase IV will be the development of all social services information reports. Phase V will be the implementation of reports for the courts' statistics department and all other areas directly involved with the JCIS. When all five phases of the JCIS have been completed, twenty-six separate reports should be available to management. Daily Court dockets, status of children in placement, and the number of cases adjudicated per judge are only a few of these reports.

The final objective of this project is to complete the detailed design, development and installation of a combination manual and computerized Juvenile Court Information System which will improve the internal information processing and record keeping operations of the Courts.

Grants Management

With the passage of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, and its administrative arm, the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA), the Juvenile Court's administration realized the need for a Grants Manager. Until 1973, the general duties of a grants manager were handled by the

Director of Social Services. The Court's Grants Manager, Mr. Thomas Edwards, was appointed and given the responsibilities for grant proposal writing and the securing of funds from Federal, state and local governments and private foundations; budget preparation; progress report writing and compilation; evaluation; and liaison work with the County Administration, funding sources and other social service agencies and programs in our community.

Since 1971, the Court's Administration, the Grants Manager and various Project Directors have been responsible for securing \$5,463,542 in federal and foundation grant dollars for use in the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court system. Key areas in which federal dollars have been funneled back into the community were: the Court Diversion Project; Community Counseling; the West Side Satellite Offices; the Juvenile Court Information System; Community Counseling Centers and the Juvenile Court's renovation.

Since 1975, the Court has utilized \$94,149 C.E.T.A. dollars. Thus a total of \$5,557,691 have been received or are delegated for the Juvenile Court from C.E.T.A., foundation grants and LEAA funding.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Juvenile complaints filed in the calendar year 1977 declined by only 1.9% over those recorded in 1976. The total number of delinquency and unruly complaints for 1977 amounted to 10,135, while in 1976 they numbered 10,332. This year's experience continued a slight moderating trend begun in 1976 when complaints declined by 13% over the all time high of 11,887 juvenile complaints recorded in 1975.

Delinquency complaints regarding boys numbered about the same as last year, 6,564 compared with 6,576; while delinquency complaints regarding girls declined somewhat from 1,661 in 1976 to 1,309 in 1977. Cases involving unruliness offenses increased for both boys and girls in 1977. Unruliness complaints were similar in number for both boys and girls in 1977, amounting to 1,142 and 1,120 respectively. The increase in unruliness complaints was greater for boys this year, going from 1,007 in 1976 to 1,142 in 1977; for the same period these complaints regarding girls went from 1,088 to 1,120.

Including the two categories of cases, i.e., delinquency and unruly, there were more boys filed on in 1977 than 1976, with 7,706 boys' cases in 1977 compared with 7,583 boys' cases in 1976, for an increase of about 2%. Girls' complaints in both categories declined from 2,749 cases in 1976 to 2,429 in 1977, for a decrease of nearly 12%.

The total number of other children's cases was up somewhat over last year, from 10,572 cases to 10,720 cases in 1977. The rise in these cases was accounted largely through an increase in juvenile traffic cases, which increased from 9,932 cases in 1976 to 10,010 cases in 1977. Other children's cases which increased in 1977, included: neglected children's cases, from 121 to 153 cases, and applications to determine custody, from 64 to 80 cases. Other children's cases included: dependency cases, 355; applications for permanent surrender, 9 cases and applications for consent to marry, 27 cases.

The total number of children's cases, including delinquency and unruly complaints filed in 1977 was not substantially different, therefore, from the 20,904 filed in 1976, since in 1977 they amounted to 20,855, accounting for a difference of only 49 cases.

Charges against adults declined by 303 cases in 1977 over 1976. This was due exclusively to the substantial decline of paternity complaints filed in 1977, which amounted to 911 compared with 1,205 in 1976, a difference of 294 less cases. Other charges against adults showed no significant changes between the years 1977 and 1976. Adult charges filed in 1977 included: non-support of minor children, 273 cases; neglect of children, 20 cases; endangering children, 16 cases; contributing to delinquency, 14 cases, and contributing to unruliness, 18 cases.

In addition to the above new cases filed in 1977 regarding children and adults which amounted to 22,215 total complaints, 4,049 alias complaints which re-activated matters previous before the Court were filed making a grand total of 26,264 matters before the Court this year which is slightly less than the total of 26,512 recorded in 1976.

While delinquency complaints against boys remained virtually the same in 1977 as in 1976 — 6,564 cases compared with 6,576. There were some significant shifts in the types of offenses. For example, breaking and entry charges increased from 872 to 1,152 cases and other stealing offenses, including shoplifting, increased from 1,237 to 1,394 cases. Balancing these increases were declines in injury to person complaints, going from 673 to 623 cases; theft from person complaints, going from 553 to 325 cases, and drug and narcotic violations dropping from 347 to 302 cases. The increase in unruly complaints regarding boys was experienced largely in a rise in the following categories: liquor offenses, from 159 to 236 cases; truancy complaints, from 180 to 273 cases; and running away, from 50 to 117 cases. Charges of incorrigibility were exactly the same for boys in 1977 as in 1976; 569 cases. Homicide charges regarding boys were up by three cases in 1977, from 14 in 1976 to 17.

The decline in delinquency complaints regarding girls came largely in the categories of theft from person, trespassing, destruction of property, other theft (including shoplifting), and drug and narcotics violations which collectively declined by over 300 cases. Unruly complaint increases for girls are seen largely in the rise of runaway offenses, from 132 to 195 cases in 1977; truancy offenses, from 211 to 229 cases in 1977, and incorrigibility offenses, from 600 to 635 cases in 1977. There were 3 girls referred for homicide charges in 1977; the same as in 1976. The total number of homicides recorded in 1977 for boys and girls was 20 compared with 17 in 1976. Please see Table 5 of this report for a complete listing of delinquency and unruly offenses for 1977 and 1976. The Court's Probation Department supervised a total of 4,892 children during the year, including those carried over from the previous year. The Probation Department's Placement Unit supervised a total of 558 children during the year, including those carried over from the previous year in the care of private residential treatment centers, as well as those placed in 1977, and those in follow-up post-placement probation service.

Total dispositions made regarding new delinquency and unruly complaints are found in table 6 of this report. Among them are 1,207 dismissed cases in the official category and 281 in the unofficial category. Transfers to the Criminal Division of the Court of Common Pleas accounted for 38 boys dispositions. Also, in the unofficial category, 2,271 cases were considered adjusted by the Referees. Commitments to the Ohio Youth Commission made in 1977 amounted to 685; 610 boys and 75 girls. Commitments to the Youth Development Center, Cuyahoga County, amounted to 201; 127 boys and 74 girls.

Delinquency and unruly cases regarding children living in the city of Cleveland declined by 5% in 1977 over 1976, while complaints regarding children living in other areas of Cuyahoga County increased by 8%. The decline in the City of Cleveland cases is the second such drop in Cleveland cases since 1972, the last being in 1976 when cases declined by 16% over 1975. The 8% increase in the other areas of Cuyahoga County reverses a trend noted last year when such cases declined by 11%. As a result of this year's experience the proportion of City of Cleveland cases compared with suburban areas shifted somewhat from the 61% of the total for the City of Cleveland and 37% of the total for suburbs to a 56%, 39% proportion respectively in 1977. The remaining percentages of the total for both years were composed of filings regarding children from other jurisdictions, and unverified residence designating for the most part.

Of the twenty-eight social planning areas in the City of Cleveland, the Near West Side had the greatest frequency of complaints, 699 compared with 667 last year. The second highest complaint area was the Glenville area with 575 complaints compared with 653 last year. The third and fourth largest areas of complaints were Hough and Corlett with 463 and 429 complaints respectively, compared with 519 and 485 complaints respectively last year.

In the suburban areas, the City of Lakewood had the greatest frequency of complaints with 547 in 1977 compared with 363 in 1976, an increase of nearly 51%. Other high suburban areas of complaints included East Cleveland, with 390 compared with 424 last year; Cleveland Heights, with 389 compared with 330 last year; Euclid, with 237 compared with 249 last year and Parma with 238 compared with 249 last year. Please see Table 1 of this report for all delinquency and unruly complaints filed by area of residence for 1977 and 1976.

With the increase in suburban complaints, the police departments of the various suburbs accounted for 31% of the total juvenile complaints filed. The Cleveland Police Department accounted for 26% of the total complaints. Parents accounted for 1,369 complaints, or 14% of the total, primarily for filings of incorrigibility regarding their children. Other sources of complaints included: Store Security, 690 complaints; citizens, 744 complaints; the Cleveland Board of Education, 457 complaints and other county school systems, 251 complaints. Please see Table 2 of this report for all sources of complaints regarding delinquency and unruly complaints.

Table 1
Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed
By Area of Residence, 1977 and 1976

AREA OF RESIDENCE

City of Cleveland By Social Planning Areas	Boys' Cases		Girls' Cases		Total Cases	
	1977	1976	1977	1976	1977	1976
Central	81	114	24	28	105	142
Central-East	94	103	37	54	131	157
Central-West	107	127	52	55	159	182
Clark-Fulton	107	143	39	34	146	177
Corlett	329	359	100	126	429	485
Denison	117	117	44	34	161	151
Downtown	12	15	4	3	16	18
Edgewater	48	34	12	12	60	46
Glenville	434	450	141	203	575	653
Goodrich	40	63	20	13	60	76
Hough	353	390	110	129	463	519
Jefferson	106	102	32	42	138	144
Kinsman	111	92	33	25	144	117
Lee-Miles	110	143	58	65	168	208
Mt. Pleasant	186	179	52	52	238	231
Near West Side	521	503	178	164	699	667
North Broadway	97	68	36	30	133	98
North Collinwood	58	81	10	19	68	100
Norwood	153	225	29	46	182	271
Puritas-Belaire	102	99	38	46	140	145
Riverside	122	116	28	26	150	142
South Broadway	125	104	22	36	147	140
South Brooklyn	119	78	35	38	154	116
South Collinwood	170	142	32	50	202	192
Tremont	186	183	53	50	239	233
University	22	26	16	10	38	36
West Side	155	148	56	47	211	195
Woodland Hills	194	219	87	70	281	289
TOTAL, City of Cleveland	4,259	4,423	1,378	1,507	5,637	5,930

Table 1, Continued
Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed
By Area of Residence, 1977 and 1976

AREA OF RESIDENCE	Boys' Cases		Girls' Cases		Total Cases	
	1977	1976	1977	1976	1977	1976
Suburban Cities, Villages and Townships						
Bay Village	71	68	22	13	93	81
Beachwood	8	15	7	10	15	25
Bedford	34	34	10	19	44	53
Bedford Hts.	44	50	17	9	61	59
Bentleyville	4	1	1	1	5	2
Berea	69	45	17	15	86	60
Bratenahl	3	3	1	1	4	4
Brecksville	22	16	4	7	26	23
Broadview Hts.	24	22	9	5	33	27
Brook Park	148	121	49	74	197	195
Brooklyn	20	6	1	7	21	13
Brooklyn Hts.	2	—	—	3	2	3
Chagrin Falls	16	13	3	6	19	19
Chagrin Falls Township	2	—	—	—	2	—
Cleveland Hts.	299	217	90	113	389	330
Cuyahoga Hts.	—	2	—	2	—	4
East Cleveland	289	271	101	153	390	424
Euclid	193	190	44	59	237	249
Fairview Park	40	25	16	12	56	37
Garfield Hts.	97	81	41	38	138	119
Gates Mills	1	2	—	2	1	4
Glenwillow	1	—	1	—	2	—
Highland Hts.	13	9	1	2	14	11
Hunting Valley	—	—	—	1	—	1
Independence	6	7	3	4	9	11
Lakewood	436	266	111	97	547	363
Linndale	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lyndhurst	45	42	17	9	62	51
Maple Hts.	79	123	24	31	103	154
Mayfield	5	6	4	9	9	15
Mayfield Hts.	50	41	12	11	62	52

Table 1, Continued
Delinquent And Unruly Complaints Filed
By Area of Residence, 1977 and 1976

AREA OF RESIDENCE

Suburban Cities, Villages and Townships	Boys' Cases		Girls' Cases		Total Cases	
	1977	1976	1977	1976	1977	1976
Middleburg Hts.	30	51	12	21	42	72
Moreland Hills	6	1	1	5	7	6
Newburg Hts.	5	11	2	3	7	14
North Olmsted	133	90	50	27	183	117
North Randall	—	1	—	—	—	1
North Royalton	32	38	10	8	42	46
Oakwood	10	39	2	13	12	52
Olmsted Township	23	19	6	10	29	29
Olmsted Falls	13	21	7	8	20	29
Orange	3	2	1	2	4	4
Parma	192	183	46	66	238	249
Parma Hts.	55	48	23	19	78	67
Pepper Pike	14	7	1	4	15	11
Richmond Hts.	21	8	5	9	26	17
Riveredge Township	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rocky River	33	29	7	12	40	41
Seven Hills	26	24	5	12	31	36
Shaker Hts.	67	53	26	32	93	85
Solon	27	18	9	1	36	19
South Euclid	73	42	18	15	91	57
Strongsville	62	62	17	19	79	81
University Hts.	23	22	22	10	45	32
Valley View	2	—	1	—	3	—
Walton Hills	6	6	1	3	7	9
Warrensville Township	2	6	—	—	2	6
Warrensville Hts.	75	72	32	35	107	107
Westlake	48	46	21	23	69	69
Woodmere	—	1	—	—	—	1
TOTAL, Suburbs	3,002	2,576	931	1,070	3,933	3,646
Agency Residents	25	9	15	4	40	13
Out-of-County Residents	128	99	31	39	159	138
Area Designations Unknown	292	476	74	129	366	605
GRAND TOTAL	7,706	7,583	2,429	2,749	10,135	10,322

Table 2
Source of Complaint — Delinquency And Unruly Cases, 1977

POLICE DEPARTMENTS:	Boys	Girls	Totals
Bay Village	47	2	49
Beachwood	22	4	26
Bedford	7	2	9
Bedford Hts.	34	2	36
Berea	53	13	66
Bratenahl	14	2	16
Brecksville	18	3	21
Broadview Hts.	30	8	38
Brook Park	96	24	120
Brooklyn	41	1	42
Brooklyn Hts.	1	0	1
Chagrin Falls	24	1	25
Chagrin Falls Township	0	0	0
Cleveland	2,396	234	2,630
Cleveland Hts.	360	76	436
Cuyahoga Hts.	8	0	8
East Cleveland	157	11	168
Euclid	169	18	187
Fairview Park	34	13	47
Garfield Hts.	40	1	41
Gates Mills	0	0	0
Highland Hts.	16	1	17
Independence	12	5	17
Lakewood	414	45	459
Lyndhurst	38	5	43
Maple Hts.	82	9	91
Mayfield	18	2	20
Mayfield Hts.	19	1	20
Middleburg Hts.	71	28	99
Moreland Hills	5	0	5
Newburg Hts.	8	0	8
North Olmsted	90	8	98
North Randall	84	46	130
North Royalton	30	1	31
Oakwood	5	0	5

Table 2, Continued
Source of Complaint — Delinquency And Unruly Cases, 1977

POLICE DEPARTMENTS:	Boys	Girls	Totals
Olmsted	21	1	22
Olmsted Falls	11	0	11
Orange	0	0	0
Parma	127	23	150
Parma Hts.	28	2	30
Pepper Pike	10	0	10
Richmond Hts.	25	3	28
Rocky River	28	1	29
Seven Hills	14	1	15
Shaker Hts.	75	7	82
Solon	33	6	39
South Euclid	57	16	73
Strongsville	33	2	35
University Hts.	18	10	28
Valley View	0	0	0
Walton Hills	2	0	2
Warrensville	0	0	0
Warrensville Hts.	110	56	166
Westlake	53	18	71
Woodmere	0	0	0
Citizens	522	222	744
Cleveland Board of Education	319	138	457
Other School Boards	154	97	251
Parents, Relatives, Guardians	591	778	1,369
Social Agencies	60	49	109
Other Police	269	58	327
Store Security	394	296	690
Other Sources	210	43	253
Unknown	99	36	135
TOTAL	7,706	2,429	10,135

Table 3
Ages of Delinquent And Unruly Children
in Cuyahoga County — 1977

Ages	Boys	Girls	Total
Eight and Under	35	10	45
Nine	53	9	62
Ten	80	12	92
Eleven	174	38	212
Twelve	330	74	404
Thirteen	649	215	864
Fourteen	1,043	415	1,458
Fifteen	1,383	608	1,991
Sixteen	1,905	532	2,437
Seventeen	1,893	458	2,351
Unknown	161	58	219
TOTAL	7,706	2,429	10,135

Table 4
Total Complaints, 1977 Compared with 1976

NEW COMPLAINTS	1977	1976
Children's Cases:		
Delinquency: Boys	6,564	6,576
Girls	1,309	1,661
TOTAL DELINQUENCY	7,873	8,237
Unruliness: Boys	1,142	1,007
Girls	1,120	1,088
TOTAL UNRULINESS	2,262	2,095
TOTAL DELINQUENCY and UNRULINESS	10,135	10,332
Juvenile Traffic	10,010	9,932
Neglected Children's Cases	153	121
Dependent Children's Cases	355	365
Application to Determine Custody	80	64
Application for Approval of Permanent Surrender	9	24
Application for Consent to Marry	27	35
Writ of Habeas Corpus	20	14
Applications, Photos, Fingerprints	7	10
Other Cases	59	7
TOTAL CHILDREN'S CASES	20,855	20,904
Adult Cases:		
Non-Support of Children	273	283
Neglect of Children	20	12
Endangering Children	16	22
Contributing to Delinquency	14	10
Contributing to Unruliness	18	29
Paternity Complaints	911	1,205
Certifications and Motions	24	20
Contempt of Court	36	47
Other Cases	48	35
TOTAL ADULT CASES	1,360	1,663
TOTAL, NEW COMPLAINTS	22,215	22,567
ALIAS COMPLAINTS	4,049	3,945
GRAND TOTAL, NEW AND ALIAS COMPLAINTS	26,264	26,512

Table 5
Delinquency and Unruly Complaints, 1977 Compared with 1976

COMPLAINT	Boys		Girls		Total	
	1977	1976	1977	1976	1977	1976
Homicide	17	14	3	3	20	17
Injury to Person	623	673	214	206	837	879
Sex Offenses	90	71	12	19	102	90
Arson	44	40	1	1	45	41
Theft from Person	325	553	18	115	343	668
Auto Theft	15	163	3	11	18	174
Unlawful Entry and Stealing	1,152	872	46	46	1,198	918
Trespassing	440	419	62	107	502	526
Auto Trespass	334	390	29	34	363	424
Destruction of Property	412	394	39	98	451	492
Other Property Offenses	252	221	32	31	284	252
Other Theft (Including Shoplifting)	1,394	1,237	564	634	1,958	1,871
Possession of Weapons	181	181	26	26	207	207
Disorderly Conduct	373	265	102	57	475	322
Drug and Narcotics Violations	302	347	36	62	338	409
Glue and Toxic Vapor Sniffing	43	53	11	4	54	57
Liquor Offenses	236	159	49	49	285	208
Curfew Violation	163	158	57	70	220	228
Truancy	273	180	229	211	502	391
Runaway	117	50	195	132	312	183
Incorrigibility	569	569	635	600	1,204	1,196
Other Complaint	351	547	66	233	417	780
TOTAL	7,706	7,583	2,429	2,749	10,135	10,332

Table 6
Dispositions Made In Delinquency and Unruly Cases, 1977

OFFICIAL CASES	Boys	Girls	Total
Placed on Probation	1,623	609	2,232
Placed in Private Treatment Centers	82	37	119
Committed to Public Institutions	583	58	641
Transferred to Criminal Division, Court of Common Pleas	38	—	38
Transferred to other Juvenile Courts	75	22	97
Order Made in Other Case	687	82	769
Referred to Other Agency	129	47	176
Dismissed	953	254	1,207
Withdrawn by Complainant	79	63	142
Other Disposition	422	79	501
Continued, or set for Hearing in 1978	678	233	911
TOTAL OFFICIAL DISPOSITIONS	5,349	1,484	6,833
<hr/>			
UNOFFICIAL CASES			
Placed on Probation	131	58	189
Adjusted by Referee	1,651	620	2,271
Order Made in Other Case	3	—	3
Referred to Other Agency	48	22	70
Dismissed	195	86	281
Withdrawn by Complainant	51	29	80
Made Official	131	61	192
Continued, or set for Hearing in 1978	147	69	216
TOTAL UNOFFICIAL DISPOSITIONS	2,357	945	3,302

Table 7
Cases Under Supervision of the Probation
and Placement Departments, 1977

MOVEMENT OF CASES	Probation Dept.		Placement Dept.	Total
	Male Staff	Female Staff		
Brought Forward, January, 1977	1,614	731	322	2,667
Received for Supervision	1,853	694	236	2,783
Total Under Supervision	3,467	1,425	558	5,450
Removed from Supervision	2,032	777	191	3,000
Carried Forward to 1978	1,435	648	367	2,450

Table 8
Children Under Care in Detention Home 1977
Compared With 1976

POPULATION MOVEMENT	Boys		Girls		Total	
	1977	1976	1977	1976	1977	1976
Under Care, January 1	40	33	21	18	61	51
Admitted	2,481	2,411	975	1,038	3,456	3,449
Total Under Care	2,521	2,444	996	1,056	3,517	3,500
Released	2,449	2,404	968	1,035	3,417	3,439
Under Care, December 31	72	40	28	21	100	61
Total Days of						
Care Furnished	26,545	23,824	12,303	11,483	38,848	35,307
Average Daily Population .	73	65	34	31	107	96
Average Length of Stay						
in Days	11	10	12	11	11	10

Table 9
Disposed of Without Court Action
(Ohio Rules of Juvenile Procedure #9)

1. Referred to Public Agencies	154
2. Referred to Private Agencies	17
3. Referred to Boards of Education	36
4. Referred to Juvenile Court Projects	61
5. Referred to Police Departments	77
6. Referred to Other Courts	32
7. Referred to Other Services	35
8. Referred to Court Workers	226
9. Total letters mailed on Complaints (Attach face sheet and copy of letter) ...	374
10. Disposed of at Intake	586
11. Cases disposed of without court action at the Branch Offices	607
TOTAL	2,205

Table 10
Diagnosis of Patients Examined By the Court Psychiatrists — 1977

DIAGNOSIS	Boys	Girls	Adults	Total
Psychosis				
Schizophrenia, Various	3	2		5
Other	2	—		2
Neurosis				
Depressive Reaction	2	1		3
Phobic Reaction	1	1		2
Other	2	—		2
Personality Disorders				
Passive-Aggressive Personality	18	11		29
Inadequate Personality	5	—		5
Anti-Social Personality	8	2		10
Hysterical Personality	—	4		4
Explosive Personality	1	—		1
Schizoid Personality	—	—		—
Paranoid Personality	—	—		—
Other Personality Disorders	7	4		11
Transient Situation Disturb				
Adjustment Reaction of Childhood	—	—		—
Adjustment Reaction to Adolescence	162	79		241
Behavior Disorders				
Withdrawn Reaction	—	—		—
Overanxious Reaction	2	—		2
Runaway Reaction	3	—		3
Unsocialized Aggression	3	—		3
Group Delinquent	1	—		1
Other Behavior Disorders	3	3		6
Other Disorders				
Mental Retardation	7	3		10
Drug Dependence	6	2		8
Sexual Deviation	1	—		1
Alcoholism	8	—		8
Other Diagnosis				
Diagnosis deferred	2	1		3
No diagnosis made	17	9	1	26
TOTAL	264	122	1	407

Table 11
Collections of Money by the Court and Distribution
of Money for the Support of Minor Children

TYPE OF COLLECTION	
For Support of Children	\$3,045,995
Damages or Restitution	16,740
Poundage	30,769
Fines	12,148
Costs	84,331
Appearance Bonds	21,997
Maternity Hospital Collection	6,939
State of Ohio — Educational Subsidy	155,231
Miscellaneous General Collections	112,674
TOTAL AMOUNT COLLECTED	\$3,486,824
Money for Support of Children Disbursed To:	
Parents and Relatives	\$1,455,581
Public Agencies:	
Cuyahoga County Welfare Department	1,462,343
Other Tax-Supported Agencies and Institutions	6,743
TOTAL PUBLIC AGENCIES	\$1,469,086
Private Agencies:	
Residential Placements	\$ 141,093
Local Agencies and Institutions	4,795
TOTAL PRIVATE AGENCIES	\$ 145,888
GRAND TOTAL OF SUPPORT MONEY DISBURSED	\$3,070,555

JUDGE JOHN J. TONER



Judge John J. Toner has served as the Administrative Judge of Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court since June 29, 1972. He has been a Juvenile Court Judge since December 5, 1960 and is currently serving his fourth term in office.

Judge Toner has served the citizens of Cuyahoga County for over thirty-four years. He was a Psychiatric Consultant for the Municipal and Common Pleas Courts from 1950-1954. Prior to that time, he served on the County Child Welfare Board from 1937-1942.

Judge Toner was also engaged in a private law practice from 1950-1960.

He lectured Law and Sociology classes at John Carroll University from 1950-1954.

He is a graduate from Cleveland State University Law School, Juris Doctor; Western Reserve University School of Applied Social Sciences, M.S.S.A.; and John Carroll University, Ph.B.

Judge Toner's concern for the troubled youth and other civic and social affairs exceed his work on the bench. He is on the Board of Trustees of the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges. In 1977, he completed six years as Chairman of the Youth Services Advisory Board of the Ohio Youth Commission. He is Vice-President of the Serra Club of Cleveland; a member of the Advisory Board of the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council, the Advisory Board of the Cuyahoga County Welfare Department, Police Athletic League, Federation for Community Planning, Project Friendship, the Catholic Counseling Center, the National Council of Juvenile Court Judges, the Ohio Bar Association, Bar Association of Greater Cleveland, and Cuyahoga County Bar Association.

JUDGE WALTER G. WHITLATCH



Judge Walter G. Whitlatch is currently serving his fourth term in office. For 24 years prior to his appointment as Judge in 1960, he was a member of the Juvenile Court staff serving as an administrator, referee and legal consultant. Judge Whitlatch received both his Bachelor of Arts and Law degree from Case Western Reserve University.

Judge Whitlatch's professional activities have included President of the National Council of Juvenile Court Judges, 1975-1976; President, Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges, 1965-1967; Board of Fellows, National Center for Juvenile Justice, 1974-1976; U.S. Delegate to the United Nations Congress on Crime and Treatment of Offenders, Geneva, Switzerland, 1975; Advisor on Juvenile Delinquency, President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice, 1966; Advisory Board, Ohio Youth Commission, 1963-1967; member of Ohio Supreme Court Civil Rules Committee, 1967; member of the Society of Benchers, Case Western Reserve University. He presently serves on the Board of Directors of several youth serving agencies. Judge Whitlatch has authored numerous publications on Juvenile Court law and child welfare. His commentary on Ohio Juvenile Court law has just been published in Baldwin's *Ohio Probate Law Manual*.

JUDGE ANGELO J. GAGLIARDO



Judge Angelo J. Gagliardo was elected as the fourth Juvenile Court Judge on November 2, 1962. He took the oath of office on January 2, 1963 and is currently serving his third term in office.

Judge Gagliardo has extensive experience in legal affairs. He was engaged in general practice from 1951 to December, 1962. He was Chief Probation Officer at the Cleveland Municipal Court from 1953 through December, 1962. Prior to that position, he was a Supervisor in the Probation Department of the Cleveland Municipal Court from 1950-1953.

Judge Gagliardo has also taught law. He was a lecturer at the Law-Medicine Center, Western Reserve University, from 1958 to 1963. Prior to that time, he was Associate Professor of Law at Cleveland Marshall Law School from 1952-1958.

Judge Gagliardo is an Adelbert College/WRU Magna Cum Laude graduate. He obtained a Masters of Arts Degree in Case Western Reserve University's School of Applied Social Sciences program. He graduated Cum Laude in 1951 from Cleveland Marshall Law School.

Judge Gagliardo is active with numerous professional and community organizations. He is Immediate Past-President of the Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges, Past-President of the Ohio Probation and Parole Association, 1957, 1958 and 1959 and Past-President of the American Justinian Society of Jurists, 1973. He is a member of the Ohio State Bar Association. He is on the Board of Trustees of the Nationalities Service Center; Catholic Social Services Agency; and St. Mary's Seminary.

Several of his awards include: three decorations by the Republic of Italy for the advancement of Italian-American relations; Phi Beta Kappa — 1936; Outstanding Service Award — Alumni Association of Case Western Reserve University — 1971; and the Ohio Supreme Court — Superior Judicial Service Award — 1972, 1973.

JUDGE JOHN F. CORRIGAN



A greater Cleveland native, Judge John F. Corrigan is presently serving his second six-year-term in office.

Judge Corrigan served two terms in the Ohio Legislature from 1963 to 1967, before being elected a Juvenile Court Judge. While in the Legislature, Judge Corrigan served on the Judiciary Committee. Consequently, he is still actively involved with that committee in relation to Juvenile Justice.

A former referee, probation officer and practicing attorney, Judge Corrigan has had extensive experience in the social services field.

He received his Law Degree from the University of Detroit.

Judge Corrigan was a radio operator and gunner in the Army Air Corps during World War II. He received the Air Medal with two Oak Leaf Clusters and was a prisoner of war for one year after being shot down over France.

Judge Corrigan is Past Chairman of the National Juvenile Court Accreditation Committee; Trustee of the Ohio Association of Juvenile Court Judges; and a Member of the Awards Committee of the National Association of Juvenile Court Judges. He was also the recipient of the Supreme Court Award for Outstanding Judicial Service in 1973.

JUDGE LEODIS HARRIS



Judge Leodis Harris, elected to his first term in office on November 2, 1976, was the first black Juvenile Court Judge in the State of Ohio.

Prior to his election, Judge Harris was engaged in the private practice of law from 1963 to 1976.

He graduated from Cleveland Marshall Law School in 1963.

During his first year on the bench, Judge Harris was extremely active in community civic and professional organizations. In 1977, he was the Chairman of the Cuyahoga County Foster Care Task Force; the Urban Advisory Committee, Greater Cleveland Boy Scouts; a Member of the Cleveland Lawyers Association; the Cuyahoga County Bar Association; Citizens League; Ohio Youth Commission State Advisory Committee; Advisory Committee, School of Applied Social Sciences at Case Western Reserve University.

He has been presented the Freedom Award by the Cleveland Branch of the N.A.A.C.P.; honored as "Man of the Year" by the Negro Business and Professional Women's Club of Cleveland; and awarded for outstanding service by the Junior Women's Civic League.

ERVIN J. WIERZBINSKI



Ervin J. Wierzbinski was appointed to the position of Court Administrator for the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court in January, 1973. He is responsible for the administration of the Court and the Detention Home including Budget, Personnel and the implementation of new programs.

Mr. Wierzbinski has been active in the field of corrections since 1958. He has been a fingerprint classifier for the Federal Bureau of Investigation; a guard and counselor for the Indiana State Prison; and a probation counselor, marriage counselor, custody investigator, night intake workers, referee, training supervisor and administrative assistant to the director with the Lucas County Juvenile Court, Toledo, Ohio. Prior to joining the Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court, he was Deputy Chief Probation Officer and Assistant to the Director of Court Services at the Juvenile Court of Cook County, Chicago, Ill. from 1966-1973.

Mr. Wierzbinski was graduated from the University of Notre Dame with a B.A. in Sociology in 1953; the University of Notre Dame with an M.A. in Correctional Administration in 1957 and the University of Michigan with a Masters in Social Work in 1963.

His professional activities include: Past Chairman of the Professional Education and Executive Committees of the National Association of Social Workers, Toledo Chapter; Past Treasurer of the Cleveland Council on Corrections; Board Member of the Cleveland Court Management Project; and a member of the Professional Council of the National Council on Crime and Delinquency; Ohio Probation and Parole Association, American Correctional Association and National Juvenile Court Services Association.

Directory of Personnel

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JUVENILE COURT DIVISION

2163 East 22nd Street

Telephone: 771-8400

HON. JOHN J. TONER, *Administrative Judge*
HON. WALTER G. WHITLATCH, *Judge*
HON. ANGELO J. GAGLIARDO, *Judge*
HON. JOHN F. CORRIGAN, *Judge*
HON. LEODIS HARRIS, *Judge*

ERVIN J. WIERZBINSKI, *Administrator*
GUSSY BURLIN, *Administrator's Secretary*

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RICHARD GRAHAM, *Assistant Director*

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Robert Cikraji
William Fraunfelder

George McCreedy
Garlandine Mallory
Margaret Mazza

Robert Wasserman
Jeanne Winkler

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ANDREW PIERCE, *Chief Deputy Clerk*

BAILIFFS:

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Clarence Gaines III
Andrew Ladika
Tim McGrail
Fred O'Malley

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Madaline Kelly
Margaret Rhoades
Bonnie Seiber
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Sharon Berman
Mark Minnello
Wayne Strunk
Edward Grodecki,
Docket Review Officer

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VICTOR M. MACHA, JR., *Assistant Chief Probation Officer*

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Millard Jones, Jr.

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Christina Norris
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Gladys Rubin
Donald Switzer

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John Lowey
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Jearlene Rogers

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Rudolph Hoston
Melvin McCray
Louis Moore

Johnny Pollard
Shirley Simon
Richard Walker

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Willa Morgan

Jean Richard

Jean White

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FRANK BALISTRERI, *Casework Supervisor*

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Carol Boyd
James Buccini
John Gallagher

Kathy George
Gregory Graham
Lynda Kurtz

John Miller
Pamela Brandman, *Family Therapist*
Janet McCormick, *Group Therapist*

COURT CLINIC
IRVING BERGER, M.D., *Director*

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Dr. Melvin Chavison
Dr. Jamie Galvez
Dr. John A. Hadden, Jr.
Dr. Richard Markey
Dr. Florence Matthews

PSYCHOLOGISTS:

Abraham Chasin, Ph.D.
Isidore Helfand, Ph.D.
Charles Winslow, Ph.D.
James Irvin
Phillip Wisniski

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RICHARD A. GALLITTO, *Statistician*

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BRICE MANNING, *Director*

SUPPORTIVE SERVICES
DAVID C. ADAMS, *Supervisor*

Child Support Department
JAMES PAPP, *Director*
JOHN BOKOCH, *Assistant Director*

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Roberta Oleksaik

Veronica Smith
Harry Steele

Sandra Watson
Jeanne Walsh, *Office Manager*

Cashier's Office
HOWARD McGUIRE, *Chief Cashier*

Bail-Bond, Police Liaison
STUART WOLDMAN, *Chief*

Detention Intake and Release
ROBERT HORLEY, *Referee*
LAWRENCE ALESNIK, *Referee*

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ALLAN MARAGLIANO, *Assistant Director*

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COMMUNITY RELATIONS DIRECTOR, J. WILLIAM ARNOLD
SYSTEMS ANALYST, BARBARA NOONAN
Central Stenographic Services, Jane Nebesar, *Chief*
Family Case Record Room, Ella Eckhoff, *Chief*

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City of Euclid, Ohio	545 East 222nd St.	Telephone: 731-9555
City of Shaker Heights, Ohio	3400 Lee Rd.	Telephone: 921-7000
	SAUNDRA MALEVAN, <i>Referee</i>	
City of Lakewood, Ohio	12650 Detroit	Telephone: 521-7580
	JACK DICILLO, <i>Referee</i>	
	Gayle Price, <i>Clerk</i>	

CUYAHOGA COUNTY JUVENILE DETENTION HOME		
2209 Central Avenue		Telephone Numbers: Days, 771-8400 Nights, Sundays, & Holidays, 771-8421
	MARTIN KELLEY, <i>Superintendent</i>	
	JANET ESTADT, <i>Assistant Superintendent</i>	
Irene Brodzinski, <i>Office Manager</i>	Regina Tycast, <i>Food Service Manager</i>	Lois Rosasco, <i>Director of Activities</i>
SHIFT SUPERINTENDENTS:		
Hillman Hanley, Jr.	Willie Moore	James Robinson
Sherman Helm		

MEDICAL SERVICES
JIM LING, M.D. *Director*
KATHERINE M. ALDEN, R.N., *Head Nurse*

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 Milton Anderson
 Agnes Baldwin
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 Vicki Barber
 Joseph Barna
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 Deborah Beckwith
 Eleanor Beckwith
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